

DNA/RNA-technologie

Stamcellen en Tissue-Engineering

Proefdieren en Imaging

Cybernetica (*Integratie biologie en technologie*)

Synthetic biology en Wat is leven?

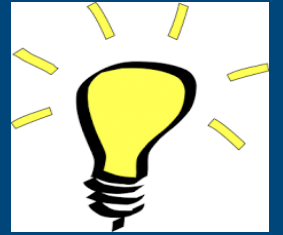
Genomics, proteomics en individuele gezondheidszorg

Lezen wetenschappelijke literatuur, hoe werkt wetenschap?

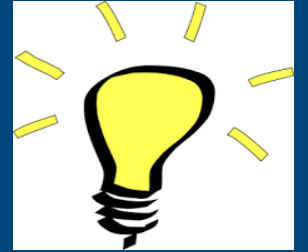
Excursie 4 April? => kan dan zelf niet ivm verplichtingen ZonMW (Long Covid onderzoek)

=> Najaar 2024

=> College 8: immunologie



leergang levenswetenschappen



Celbiologie (introductiecursus, najaar 2023)
=> Hoe werkt leven?

Biotechnologie (voorjaar 2024)
=> Het manipuleren van leven

Afweer (najaar 2024)
=> Excursie!

Ontwikkelingen in de levenswetenschappen (voorjaar 2025)
=> elke 2 jaar?



ZonMw, post-COVID



- **Financieren onderzoek en vernieuwing in gezondheid, zorg en welzijn.**
- ZonMw is van plan om begin 2024 2 nieuwe subsidierondes te openen vanuit het post-COVID onderzoeksprogramma Biomedische **Kennishiaten**. Per subsidieronde is € **6 miljoen** beschikbaar.
- **Eindelijk, vier jaar na begin pandemie!**
- En dan alleen nog na brieven in de krant, en brede maatschappelijke druk op politiek
- Maar pas gelukt toen Kuipers weg was (wilde vooral kosten beperkt houden => kortzichtig)

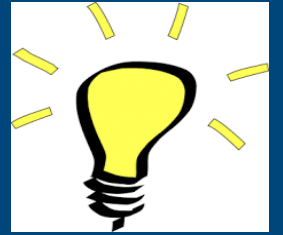
=> Ik zit nu in 2 commissies van ZonMW, namens patienten en als wetenschapper.

=> **4 april, wetenschappelijke commissie**

=> hoe werkt wetenschap: subsidies en persoonlijke inzet

=> begon met vrouw en dochter, nu voor alle patienten

Wetenschap en technologie levert heel veel op

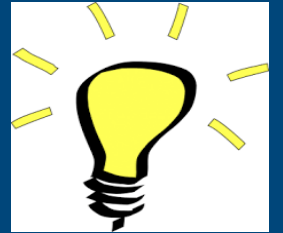


- Lubach: je kunt beter ASML subsidieren dan de landbouw
- Maar Lobby, dreigementen en maatschappelijke perceptie
- Corona is toch voorbij..
- (Long) covid kost de maatschappij miljarden (2-10% van infecties)

⇒ Werkelijke kosten worden niet gewogen

=> sociologie

Covid-19 fighter



- Laboratoire national de sante (LNS), **Luxemburg**
=> Mazelen vaccin, in 1990
- **Zomer 2020**: Onderzoek aan bloed (serologie) van de inwoners
=> Hoeveelheid antilichamen tegen Corona
=> En expertcentra (net als in Duitsland en de VS)
=> En mondkapjes!
=> **Veel vertrouwen in de overheid**

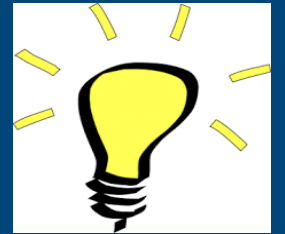


Enige actie in Nederland:
Test straat

=> Corona PCR



RNA isolatie robot



Lange rijen:

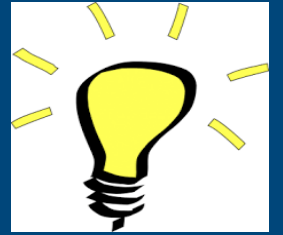
Auto's

En PCR-
machines

En
brandstichting

https://youtu.be/ThG_02miq-4
<https://youtu.be/vc823HKfYDI>

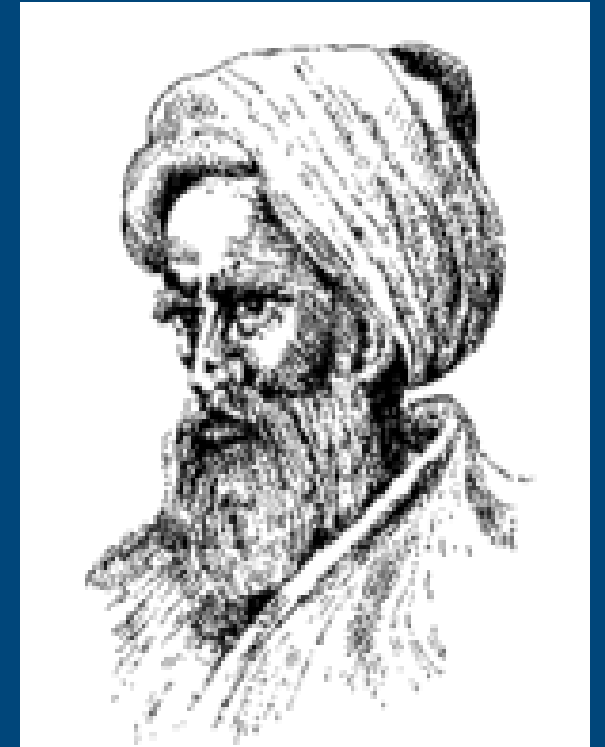
Wetenschappelijke methode Is zeer **succesvol**



“Trust the facts, wherever they lead”

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A polymath, considered to be the father of modern scientific methodology, due to his emphasis on **experimental data and reproducibility** of its results.



Vertrouw de feiten, niet de mens (is tegennatuurlijk!).

Nature, Science => wetenschappelijke literatuur ipv iets op facebook

Peer review ! => geen mening maar feiten/consensus

Naar een resultaat toe werken = selectief shoppen => fake news!

We zijn helemaal niet beschaafd

Nog steeds veel meer mensen werkzaam in de oorlogsindustrie dan in de wetenschap.

NB Wetenschap komt voort uit oorlogsindustrie, en bedrijven (farmacie).

⇒ **Moet functioneel zijn, en iets opleveren**

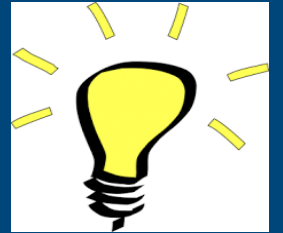
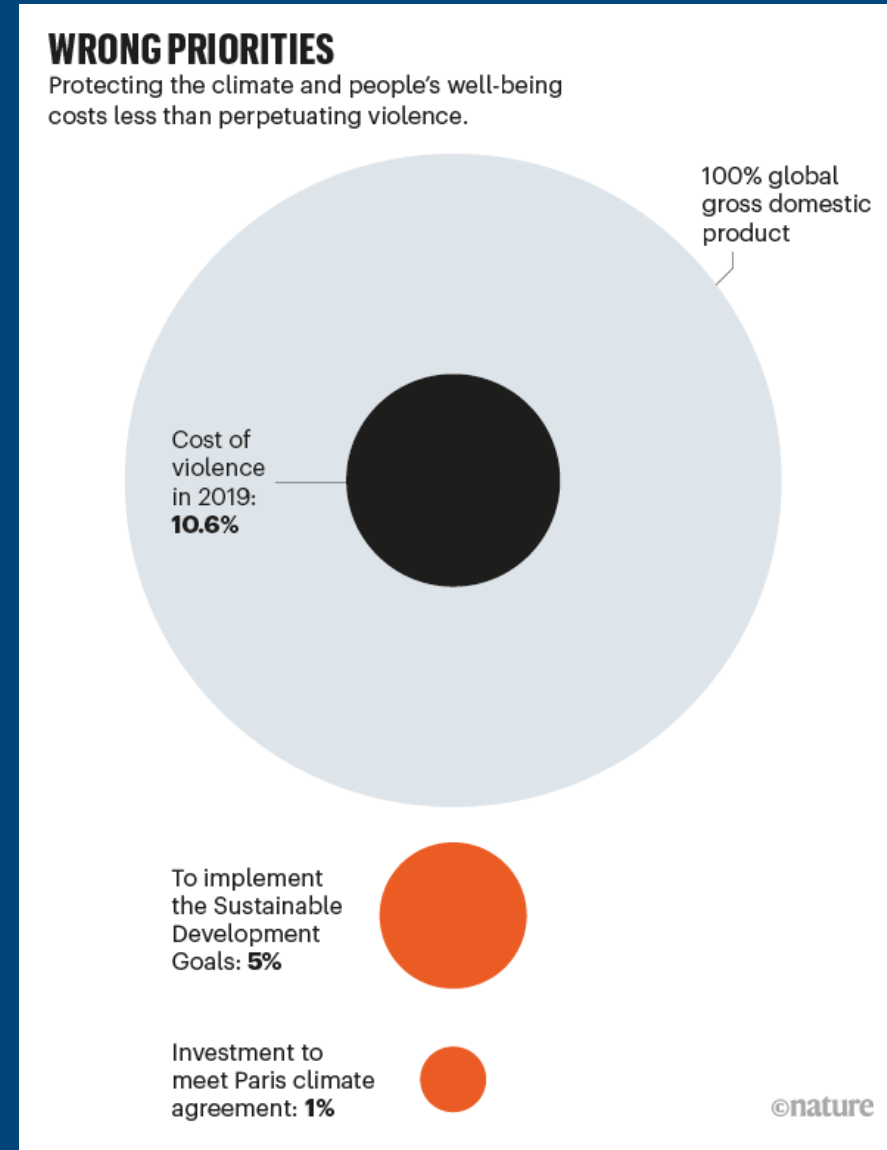
=> Niet waardevrij

Maar mooiste uitvindingen komen juist van vrij onderzoek (CRISPR)

En maatschappelijk belang is niet altijd te vatten in geld

=> Afhankelijk van maatschappelijk speelveld

⇒ **Frustratie van de wetenschapper**



<https://www.nature.com/articles/d41586-020-02460-9>

Vervolgcurcus **Biotechnologie**.



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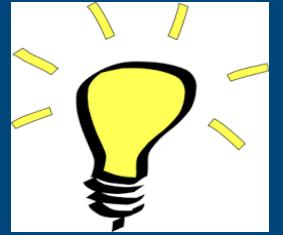
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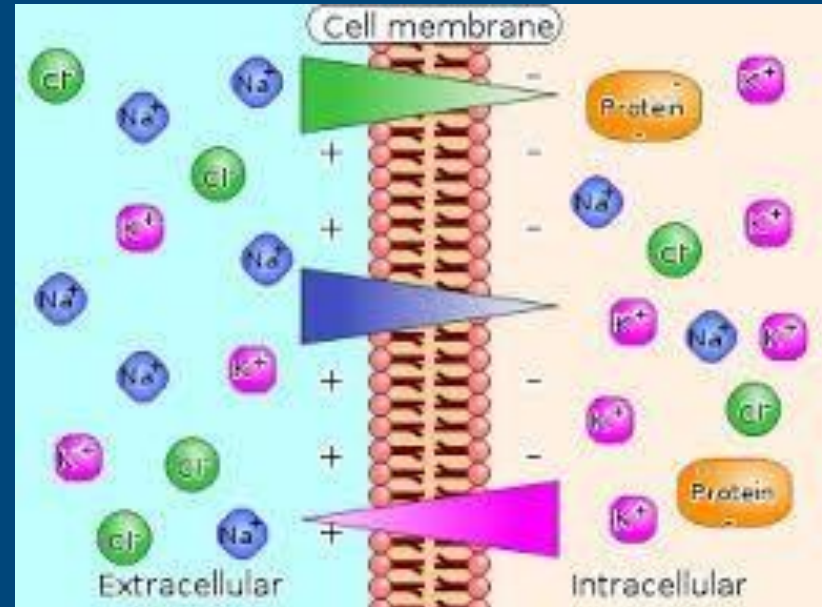
immunologie

Celbio 4: Celmembraan en ionen



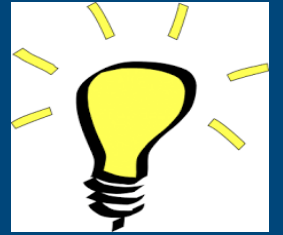
- All cells are polarized, which means the concentrations of charged atoms, called ions, of the fluid inside them is different from the fluid outside them. It is this difference in ion concentrations that creates a difference in charge (or voltage) across membrane. This difference – called a *membrane potential* - allows work to be performed.
- **Stromende lading is elektriciteit**
=> net als apparaat met elektronen

http://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player_embedded&v=2YZJt_Bw3eo



The largest contributions usually come from sodium (Na^+) and chloride (Cl^-) ions which have high concentrations in the extracellular region, and potassium (K^+) ions, which have high concentrations in the intracellular region.

How big data could be used to predict a patient's future.

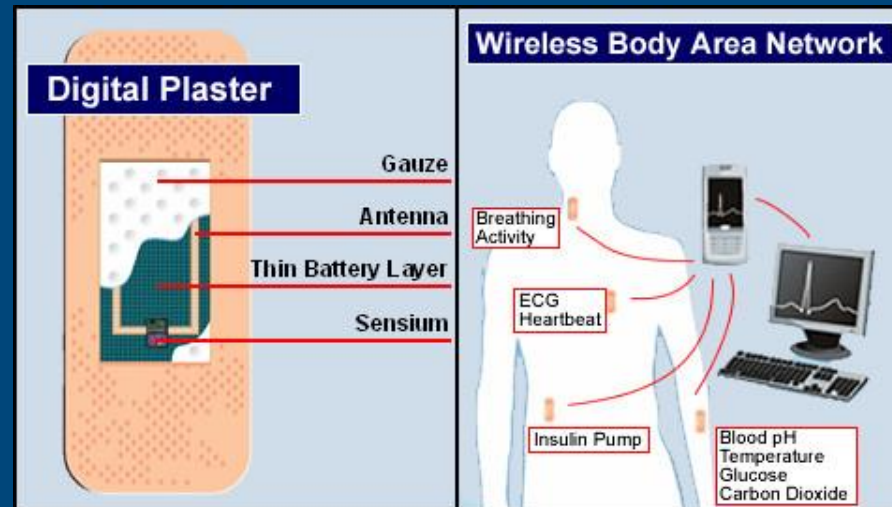


Healthcare was once about trying to heal the sick patient. But organisations around the world now have an opportunity to shift this focus to one of keeping the public healthy and anticipating health issues before they become a problem.

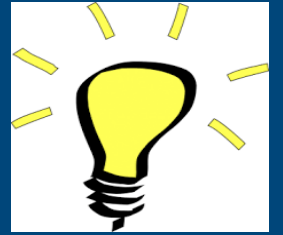
Big data can be collected to predict accurately when a health-issue will become a problem.

=> hospital for check-up

=> Predictive intelligence (already used for jet engines)



Rolls Takes Another Step Toward Complete Predictive Maintenance



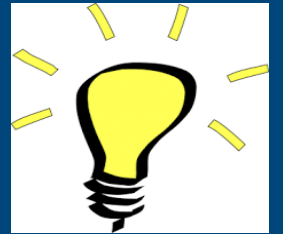
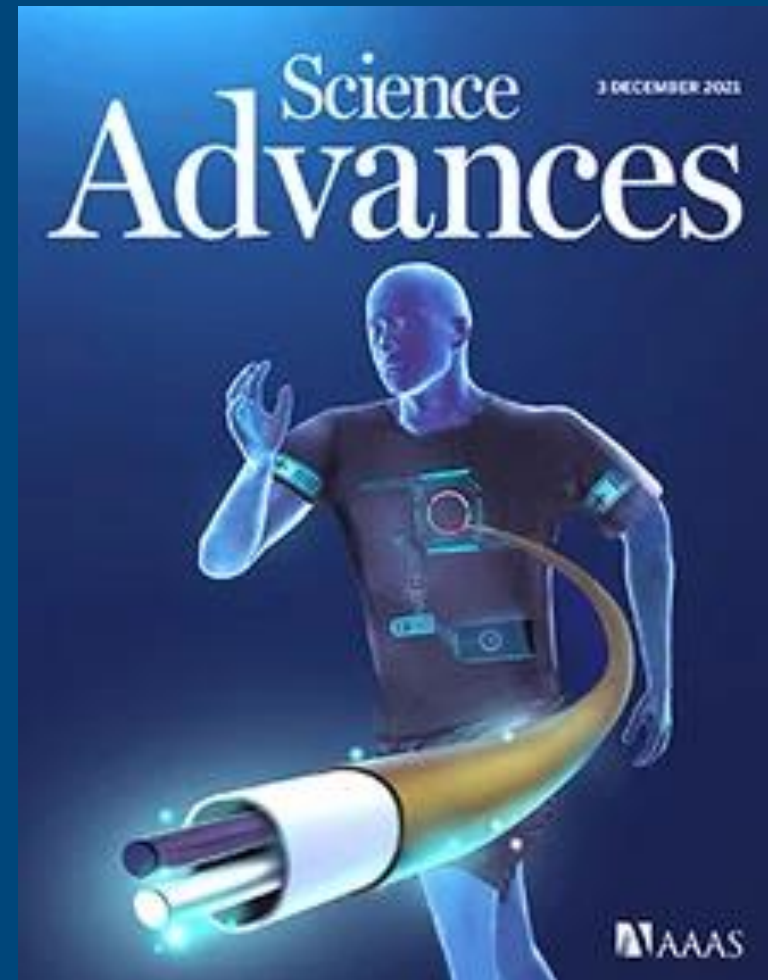
Continuous performance data and engineering data, including maintenance data.

=> In combinatie met kunstmatige intelligentie



Science,
DEC 2021

An ultrathin rechargeable zinc ion fiber battery integrates into textiles, allowing for personalized health monitoring. Cost-effective, eco-friendly zinc ion batteries appear a frontrunner for powering wearable electronics, but poor mechanical properties and low ion transport of current gel electrolytes limit the use of zinc ion batteries in wearable devices. The battery designed by [Xiao et al.](#) uses graphene oxide hydrogel electrolytes to overcome these issues. **The approach provides a scalable, stable power solution for continuous heart rate, body temperature, humidity, and altitude monitoring.**



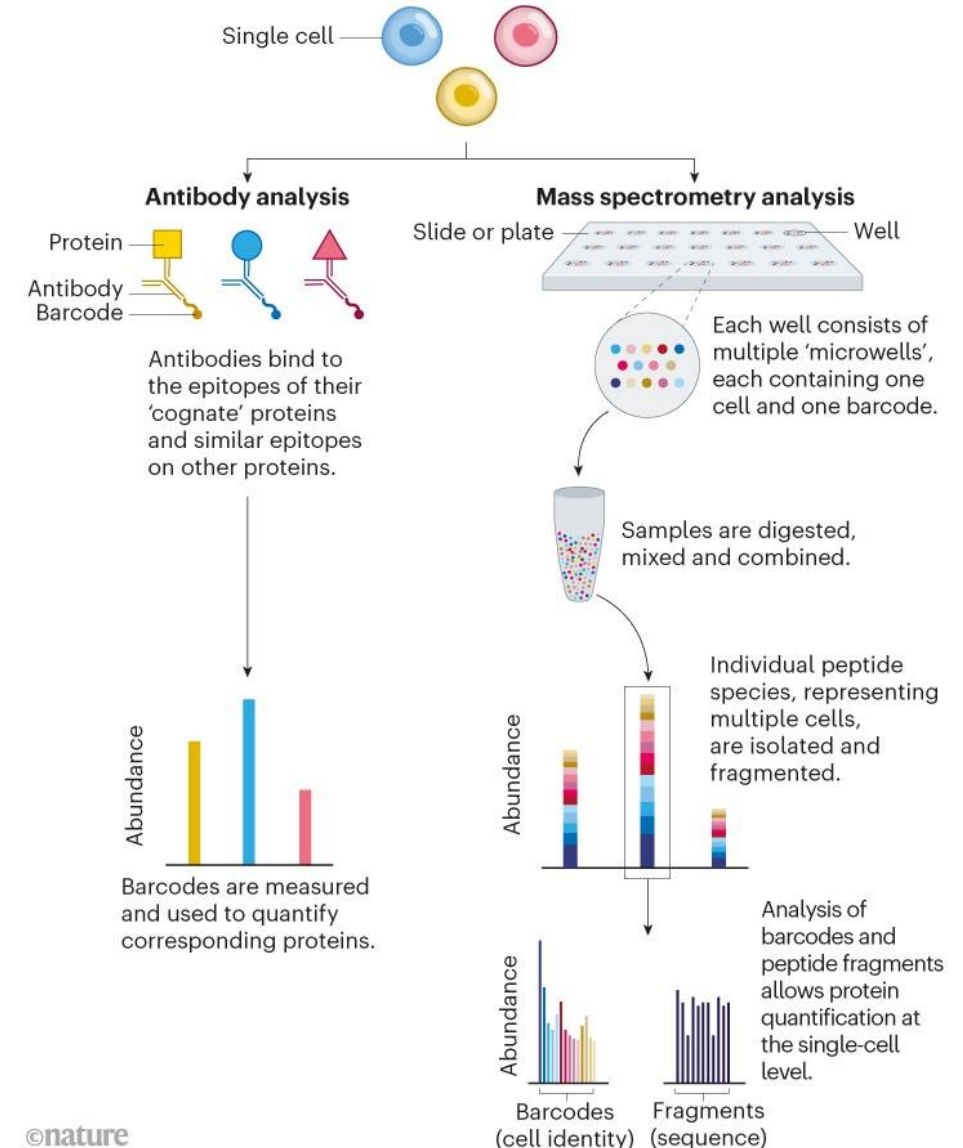
Single-cell proteomics takes centre stage

- Deducing the full protein complement of individual cells has long played second fiddle to transcriptomics. That's about to change.
- According to one study², the median mammalian protein is present at 18,000 copies per cell.

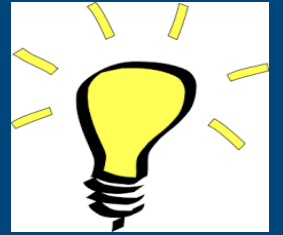
<https://www.nature.com/articles/d41586-021-02530-6>

TWO PATHS TO THE PROTEOME

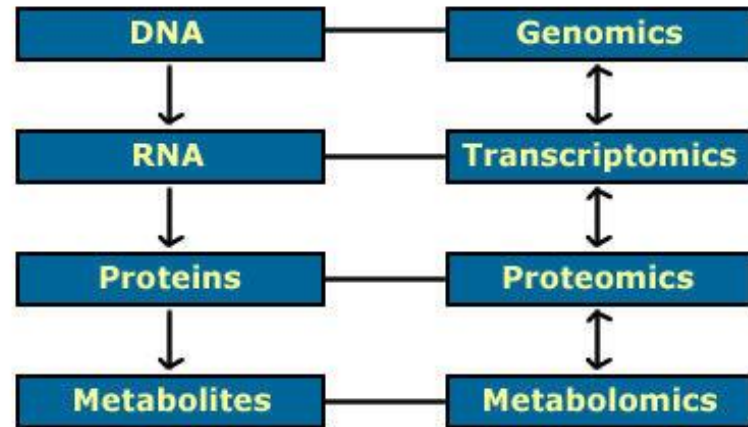
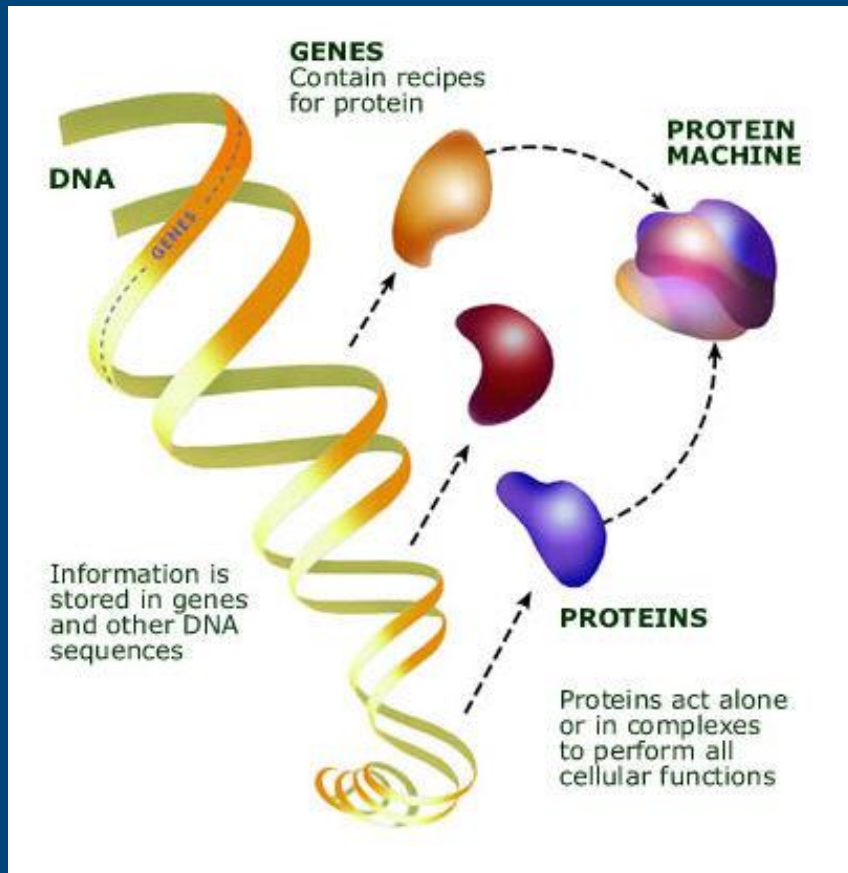
Researchers can probe single-cell protein content using antibodies or mass spectrometry. The antibody-based approach is limited in the number of proteins it can handle at once, and mass spectrometry requires efficiently collecting and quantifying the contents of single cells.



Gen, eiwit
Genome, proteome => 'omics



Epigenomics

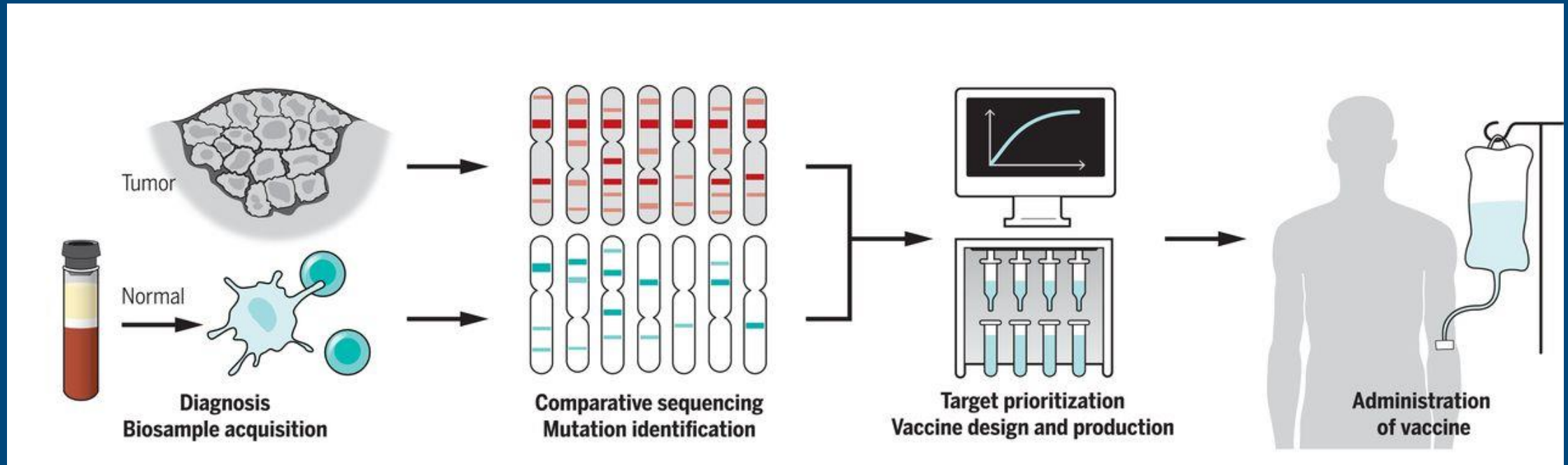
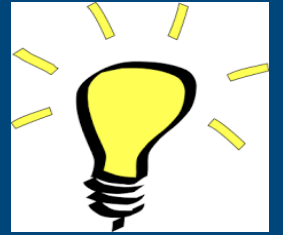


Microbiomics

=> personalized medicine

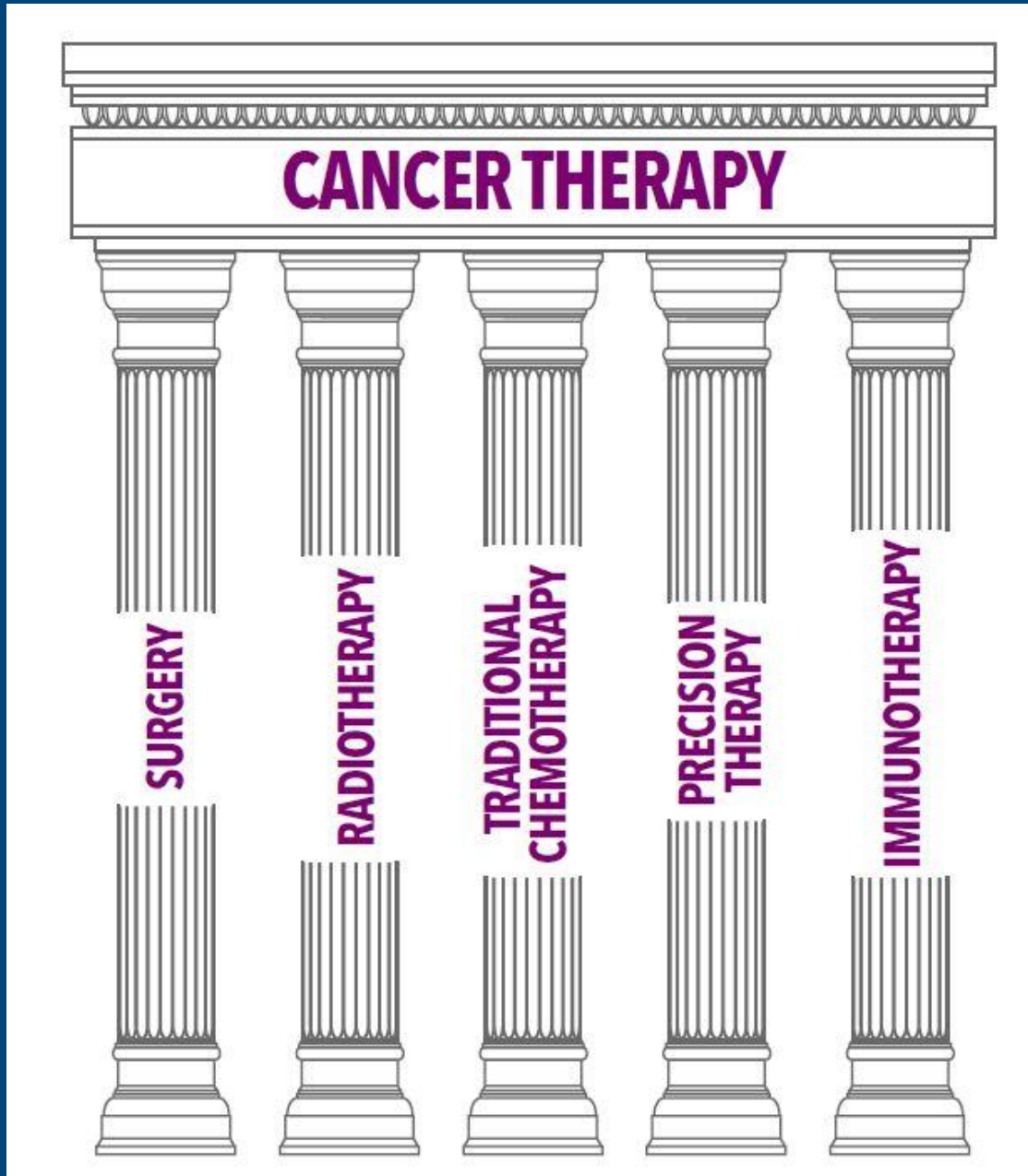
=> Beter therapie met minder
bijwerkingen

Immunotherapy: It's personal



- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cancer_immunotherapy
- <https://science.sciencemag.org/content/359/6382/1355>

Immunotherapy: A New way of treating cancer



Surgery: wegsnijden

Radio: bestraling

Chemo: doden (alle) snel delende cellen

Precision: doden specifieke cellen (antilichamen)

Immuno: T/B en NK cellen opleiden/aanpassen tot tumor bestrijders of verminderen suppressie
=> **Personalised medicine**

Individuelle Geneeskunde: Milasen

Scientists Designed a
Drug for Just One Patient.

Her Name Is Mila.

An achievement in ultra-personalized medicine also raises questions about fairness and regulation.

Julia Vitarello with her daughter, Mila, 8, who has a rare neurological disorder. Scientists were able to create a drug to treat only the form of the illness she has.

=> Personalized Medicine



Big data

https://www.ted.com/talks/kenneth_cukier_big_data_is_better_data?language=nl



- Wetenschap ('omics)
- Gezondheidszorg
- Health (sport)
- Internet / apps
- Zelfrijdende auto
- Internet of things
- Facebook
- Google

=> Kunstmatige intelligentie (Artificial Intelligence)

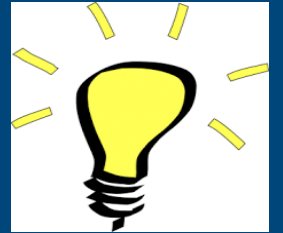
Digitalisering van leven



- Leven is vooral informatietechnologie (DNA / bits) => uitwisselbaar!
- Technologie voor aanpassing/nabootsing op basis van informatietechnologie
=> Genomics, life logging ed
- Leven is ook elektrisch, net als menselijke technologie
=> nog makkelijkere synthese.

=> personalized medicine

Celbio: DNA is een taal, met 4 letters:



NL taal: 26 letters, variabele code voor een woord

Computertaal: 2 letters, code van 8 voor een byte

DNA: 4 letters, code van 3 voor een aminozuur

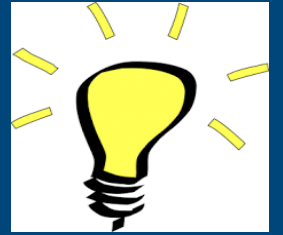
Eiwit: 21 letters, variabele code voor een eiwit

Elke taal codeert **informatie**, en is principe hetzelfde (alleen vertalen)

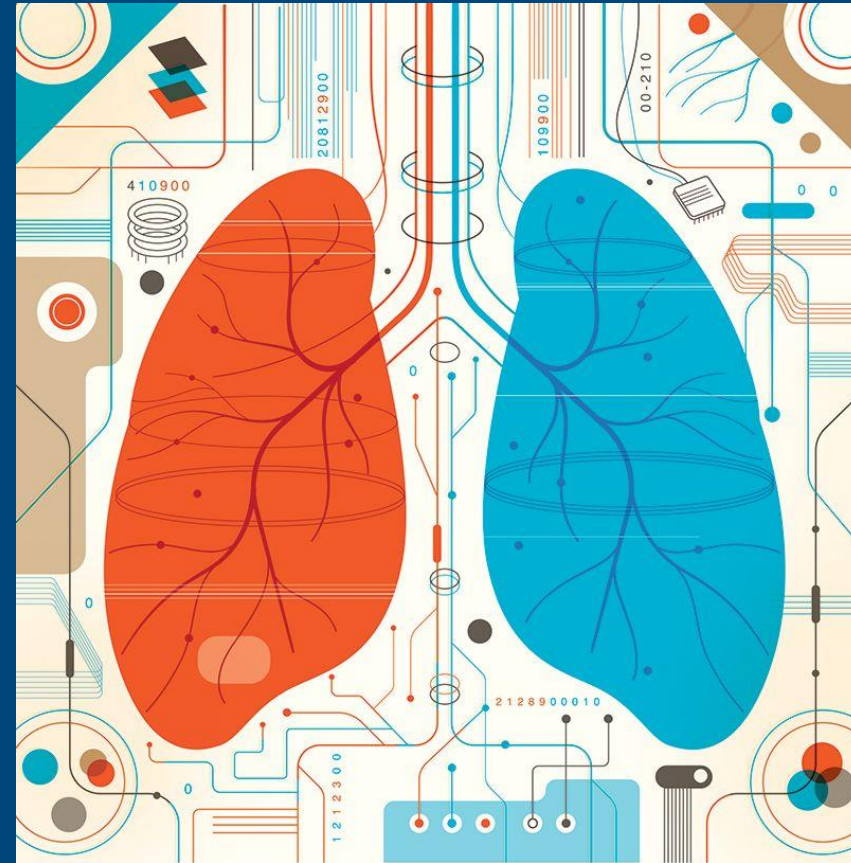
=> informatietechnologie is ook hier toepasbaar!

=> cursus biotech.

How Artificial Intelligence Will Change Medicine



The biomedical world is awash in data. We have terabytes of genomic information from mouse to human, troves of health metrics from clinical trials, and reams of so-called real-world data from insurance companies and pharmacies. Using powerful computers, scientists have scrutinized this bounty with some fine results, but it has become clear that we can learn much more with an assist from artificial intelligence. Over the next decade deep-learning neural networks will likely transform how we look for **patterns in data** and how research is conducted and applied to human health.

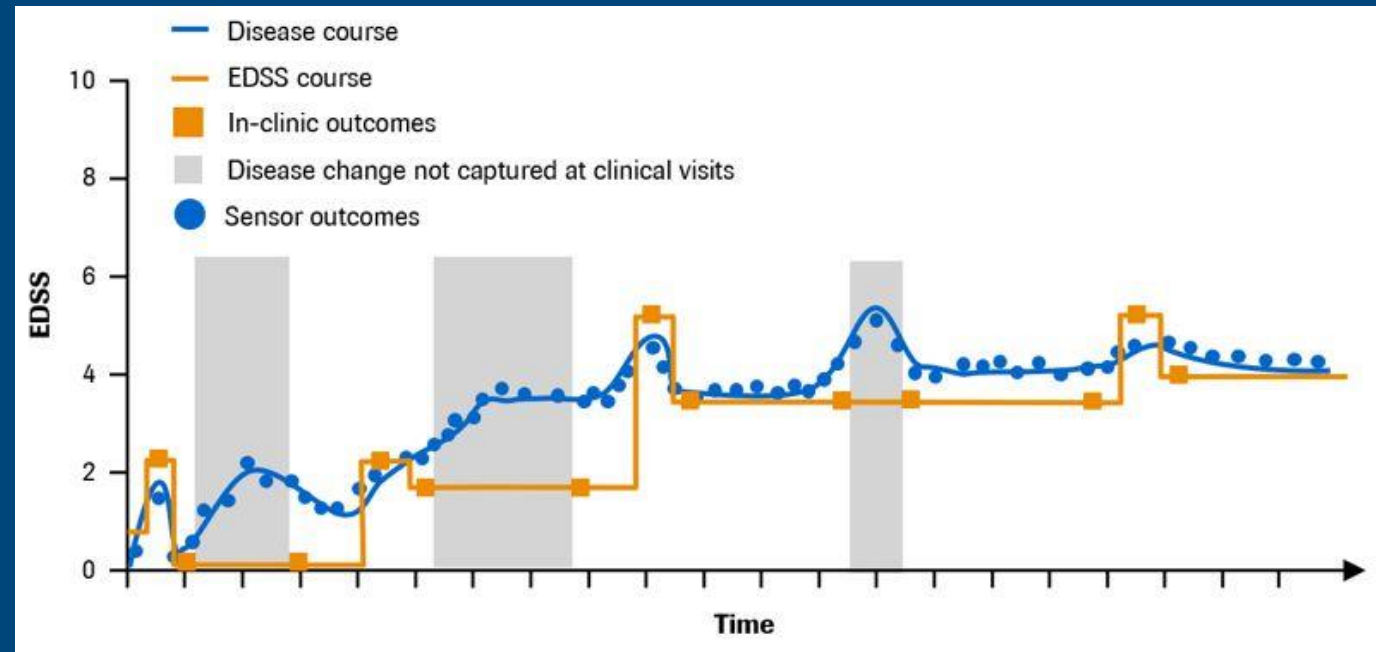


<https://www.nature.com/articles/d41586-019-03845-1>

AI and digital health



The disease course of multiple sclerosis (MS) is insidious and unpredictable. Infrequency of clinic visits means that many changes are missed. Digital sensor outcomes, such as **smartphone-based applications**, allow continuous real-time monitoring of MS to capture all of these changes,

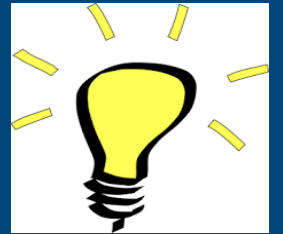


<https://www.nature.com/collections/gdeaidfdag>

<https://www.nature.com/articles/d42473-019-00412-0>

Door deze kunstmatige alvleesklier is Annekes leven een stuk aangenamer

NOS, 050324



- Anneke heeft diabetes, maar sinds ze gebruikmaakt van een kunstmatige alvleesklier voelt ze zich stukken beter. Ze heeft meer energie en rust: "Alsof je af en toe vakantie hebt van chronisch ziek zijn."

=> verbeterde interface

=> minder zelf doen, betere kwaliteit behandeling



- <https://nos.nl/video/2511531-door-deze-kunstmatige-alvleesklier-is-annekes-leven-een-stuk-aangenamer>

AI on your phone



- Dermatologist-level classification of skin cancer with deep neural networks
- It is projected that 6.3 billion smartphone subscriptions will exist by the year 2021 and can therefore potentially provide low-cost universal access to vital diagnostic care.
- <http://www.nature.com/nature/journal/vaop/ncurrent/full/nature21056.html>

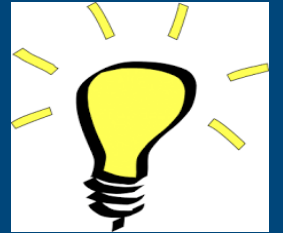
Gratis grootschalig onderzoek



- Covid
- Ozempic

=> En geen ethische bezwaren

Vervolgcurcus Biotechnologie.



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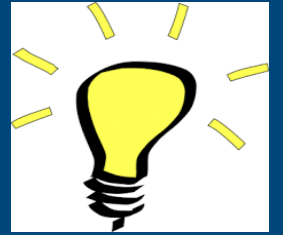
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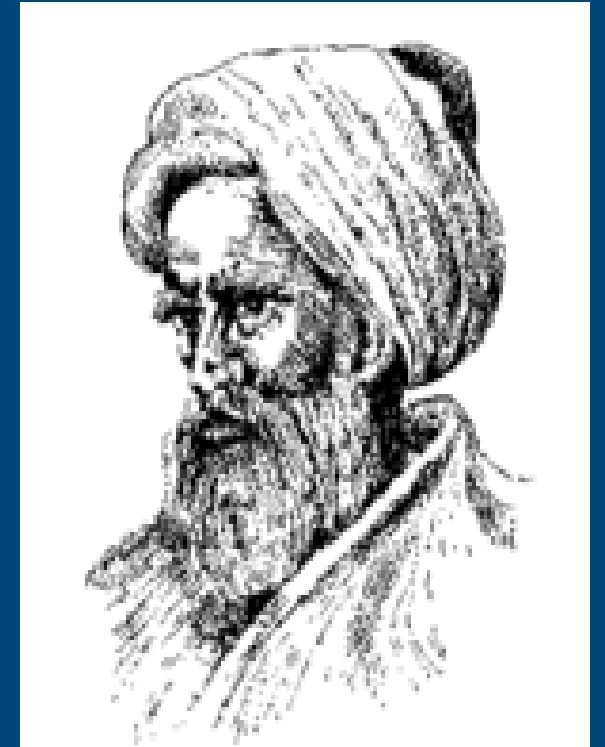
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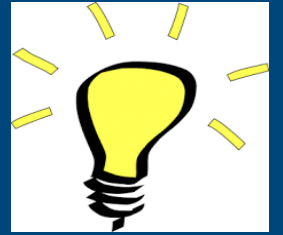
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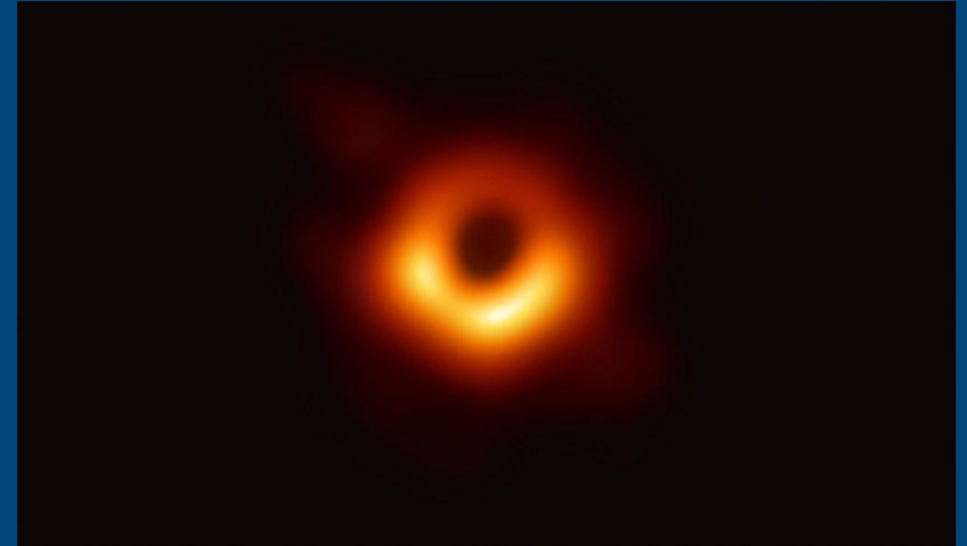
Black hole, pictured for first time



- Werk van jaren
- Multidisciplinair team
- Hele wereld (letterlijk en figuurlijk)
- Wetenschappelijke ontwikkelingen komen altijd voort uit langdurige processen en bouwt voort op reeds opgedane kennis (telescoop, optica, vuur, taal)

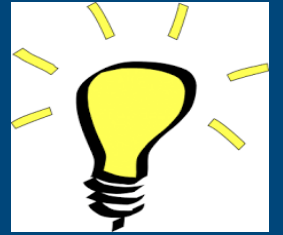
⇒ Quantum gravity

⇒ 2^e meting (jaren later)



<https://www.space.com/event-horizon-telescope-black-hole-movie-funded.html>
<https://youtu.be/uyMtsyzXWd4>

Consortium
=> wetenschap is **teamwerk**



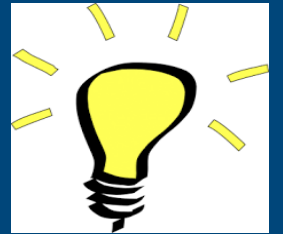
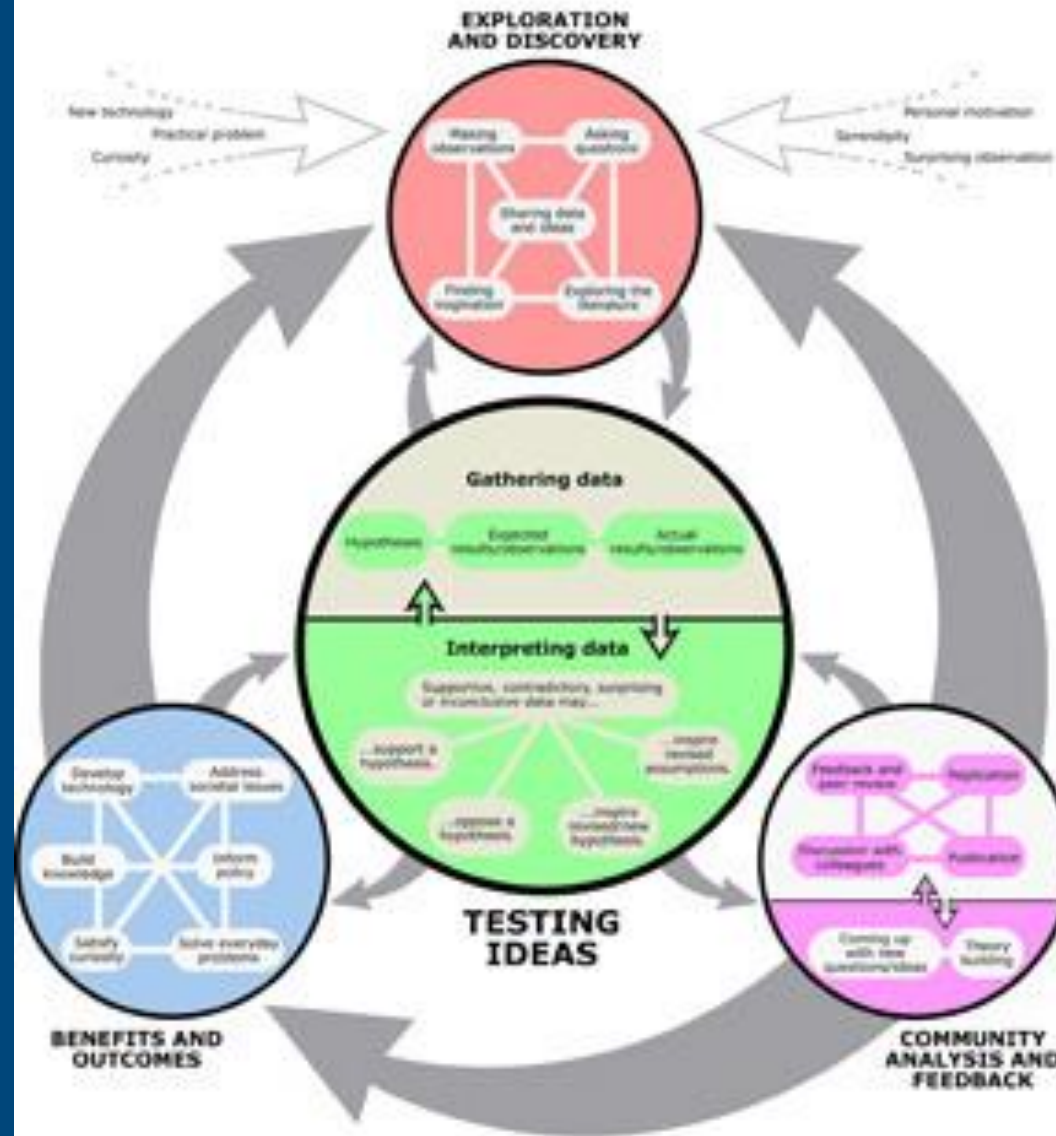
Nature Special 25 February 2022

SCGE

Genome editing has great potential to change how we model, understand, and treat diseases. The Somatic Cell Genome Editing Consortium brings together **investigators from 33 institutions** to accelerate the development of editing tools, animal models, delivery approaches and therapeutic applications of genome editing. A special focus are methods for the comparative assessment of different approaches before entering clinical development.

- <https://www.nature.com/collections/ajadgefeih>

How Science Works



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Jj9iNphbY88>

Biotechnologie



- Wij zijn een technologische soort
- Wetenschap is een **methode** om techniek te ontwikkelen
- NB Vaak maatschappelijke problemen waar de wetenschap voor gevraagd wordt om die op te lossen: overbevolking, milieuvervuiling, obesitas, corona
- NB Technische ontwikkelingen geven problemen die opgelost moeten worden door de maatschappij: atoombom, verbrandingsmotor,..

⇒ Beter nadenken over wat we wel en wat we niet (verder) moeten ontwikkelen in de toekomst:

Wel

Waterstoftechnologie

Vaccins

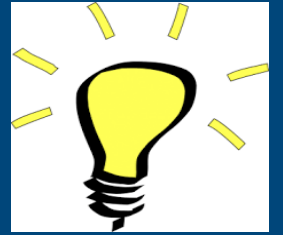
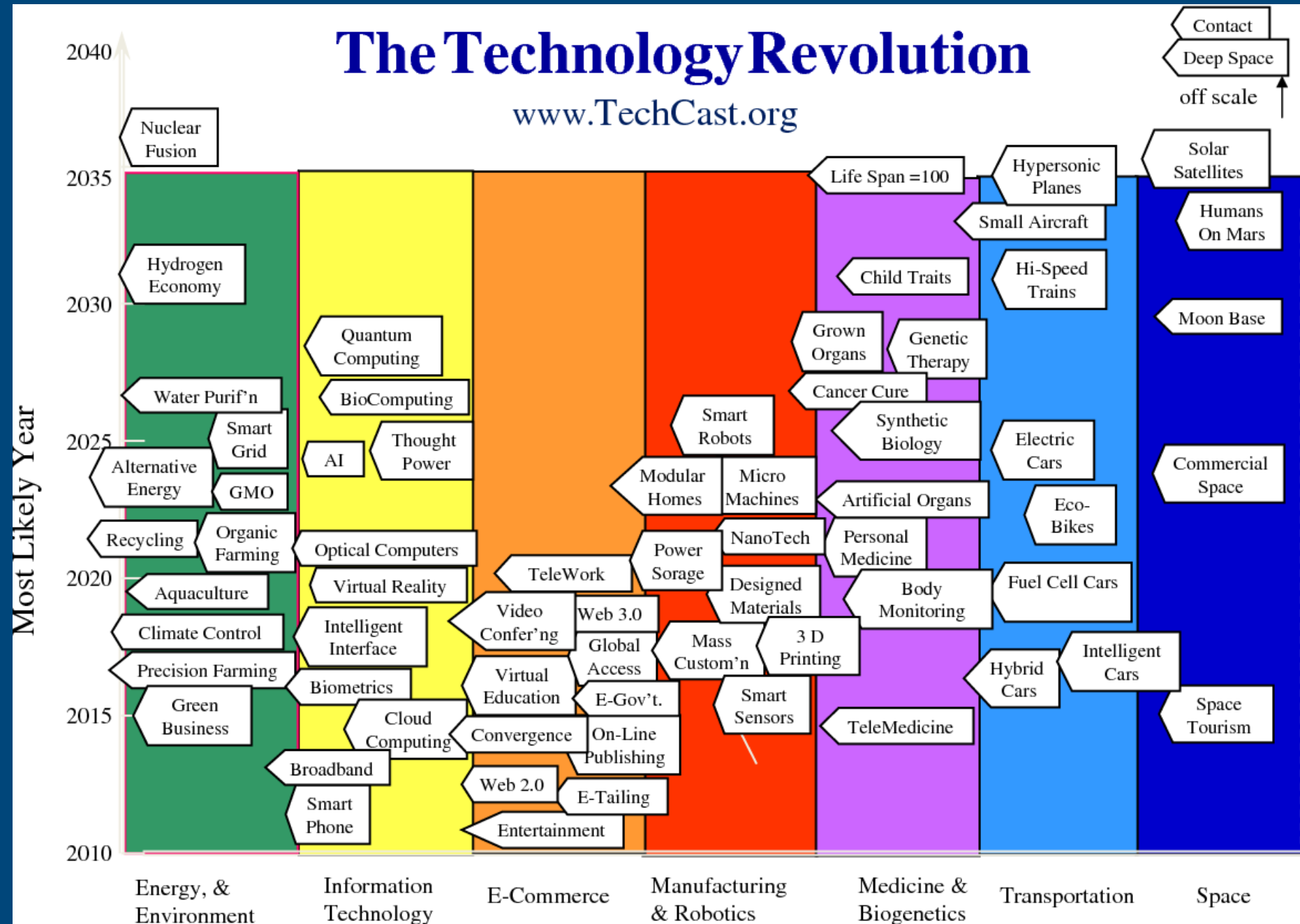
niet

Genmais

Lamborghini

The Technology Revolution

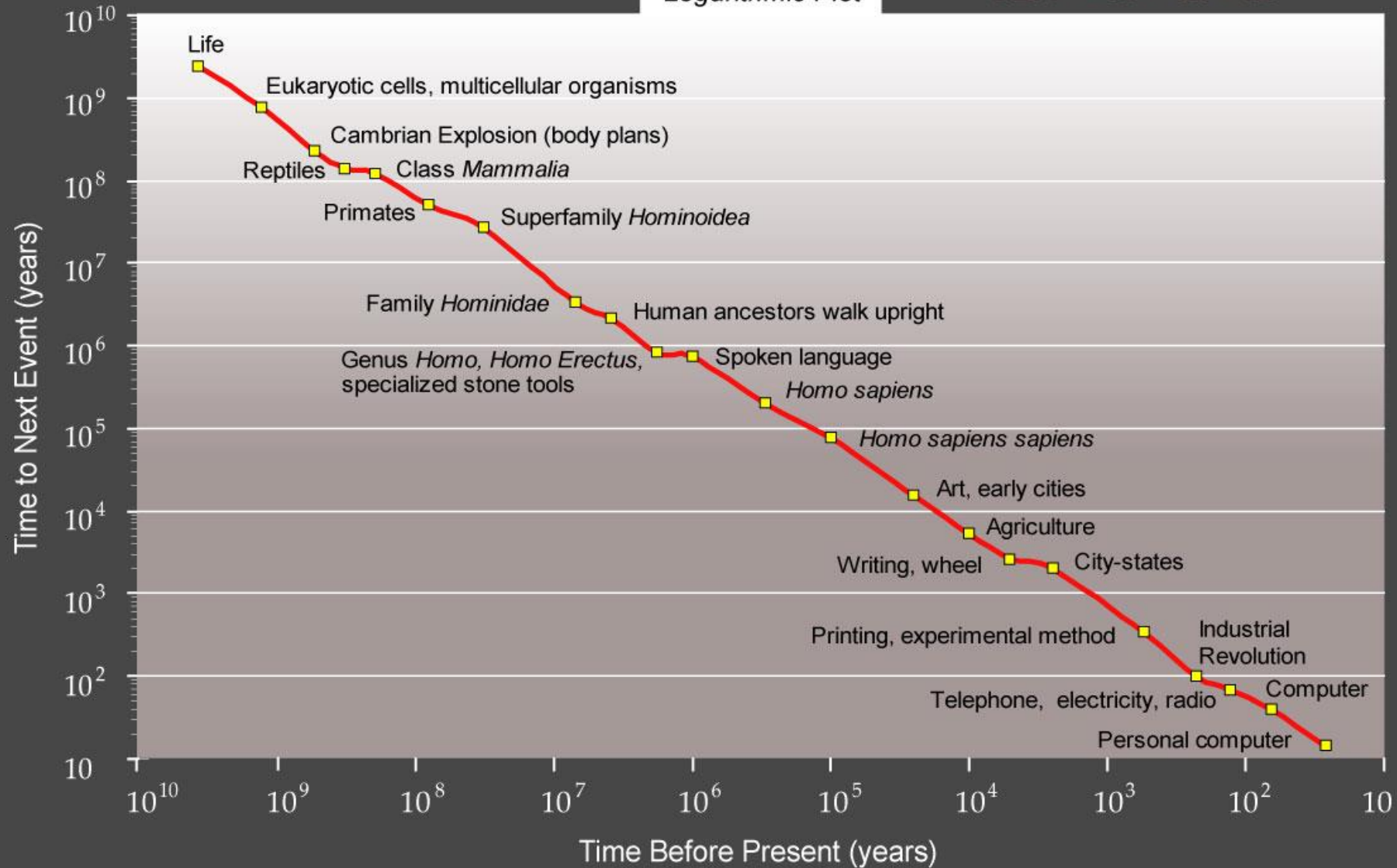
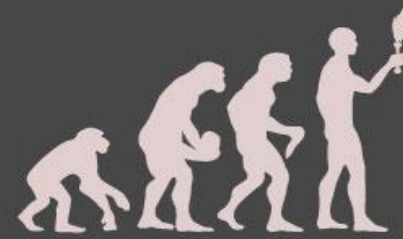
www.TechCast.org



<https://www.semanticscholar.org/paper/Forecasting-the-Technology-Revolution>

Countdown to Singularity

Logarithmic Plot



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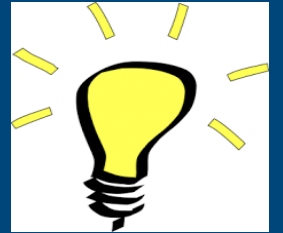
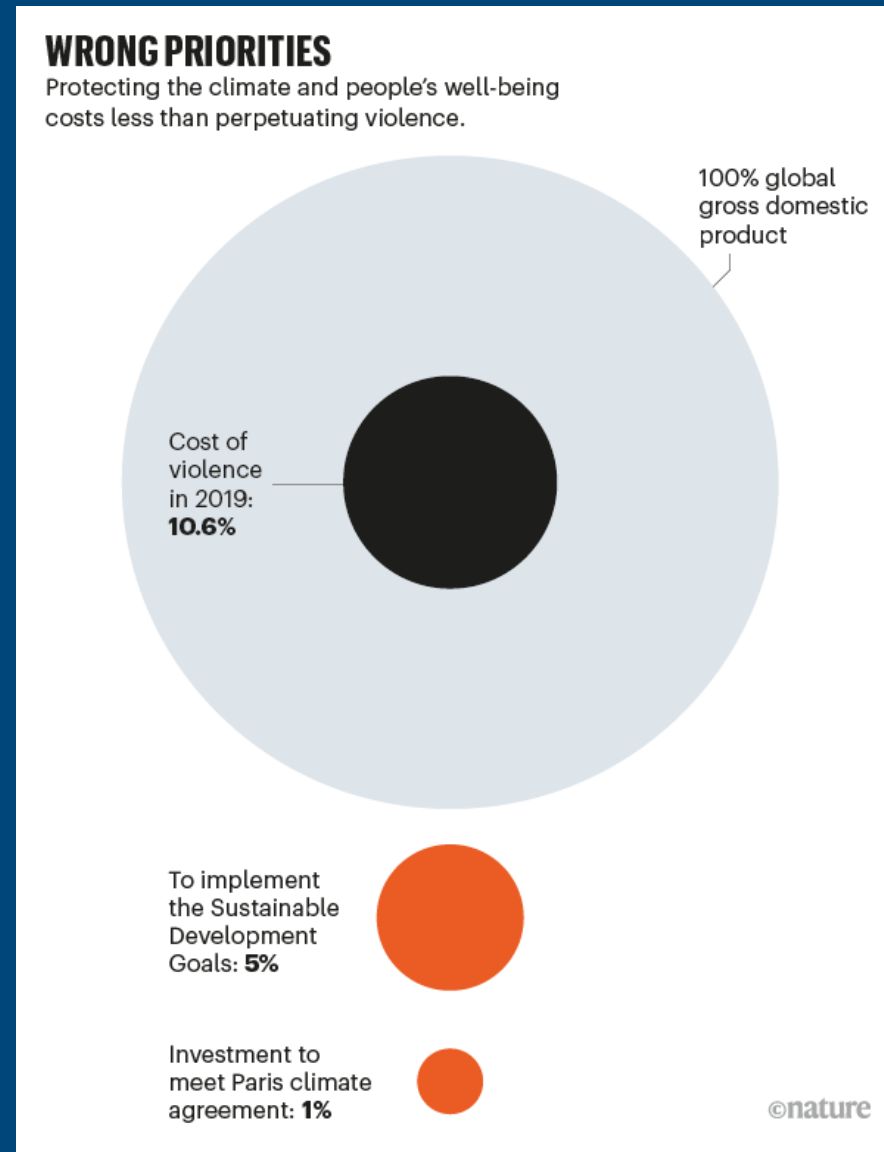
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En maatschappelijk belang is niet altijd te vatten in geld

=> Afhankelijk van maatschappelijk speelveld

⇒ **Frustratie van de wetenschapper**



<https://www.nature.com/articles/d41586-020-02460-9>

Verbeteren is een morele verplichting



- De Engelse bio-ethicus John Harris vindt dat het verbeteren van de mens met behulp van medicijnen of via genetische ingrepen mag. De mens is deel van de evolutie, dus zijn technische kennis ook. Met die technische kennis kan hij de mens snel verbeteren. Net als we preventie, vaccinatie, medicatie en educatie belangrijk vinden om de mens beter te laten functioneren, zo is het ook onze morele plicht om de mens te verbeteren waar dat kan, aldus Harris.

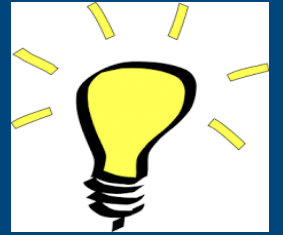
<http://tegenlicht.vpro.nl/afleveringen/2008-2009/de-evolutie-revolutie.html>

Maar..



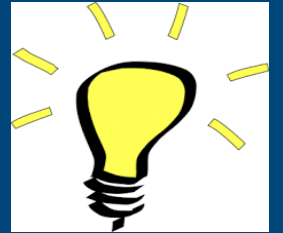
- any attempts to forcibly tamper with human nature inevitably ends in catastrophe.
- The road to hell is paved with good intentions. Human nature inevitably corrupts all potentially good development

Probleempunten in discussie over GM



- Kaas komt niet voor in de natuur, mensen met een bril ook niet. (we staan al lang buiten de evolutie)
- Veredeling is ook onnatuurlijk (elstar, hond)
- GM gebruikt ook “natuurlijke” systemen als virussen en DNA.
- Natuurlijk is altijd goed? => er is niets zo dodelijk als de natuur.
- GM systemen hebben extra risico's, maar voordelen zijn immens (10 miljard mensen voeden) => onvermijdelijk?
- Vertroebeling door religieuze kijk; Ouderwets is beter, leven is heilig.
- Angst voor nieuwe technologie (gebrek aan kennis)
- partnerkeuze? => **ons willen verbeteren is natuurlijk**
- Biologie is technologie => via evolutie wordt de technologie aangepast (verbeteren?) Termen: Wetware (itt hardware/software)

Vervolgcurcus Biotechnologie.



DNA/RNA-technologie

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Synthetic biology en Wat is leven?

Genomics, proteomics en individuele gezondheidszorg

Lezen wetenschappelijke literatuur, hoe werkt wetenschap?

Excursie 4 April? => kan dan zelf niet ivm verplichtingen ZonMW (Long Covid onderzoek)

Onderzoek en uitgeverij

Publicatie is voor onderzoek essentieel, anders geen verspreiding van feiten/ideeen. En geen geld (funding)

Betalen voor onderzoek

Betalen voor publicatie

Betalen om het te lezen

Maatschappij betaald 3x

Burger kan niet zomaar overal bij

⇒ Open source

⇒ PLOS <http://www.plosone.org/#news>

⇒ <http://journals.plos.org/plosbiology/article?id=10.1371/journal.pbio.1002300>

Nature (van Elsevier) => ook gewoon **geld verdienen**

Wetenschappelijke informatie: Betrouwbaarheid

Paper (Article):
Summary
Review

"Peer review"
door auteurs
door andere wetenschapper

Betrouwbaarheid
(en moeilijkheidsgraad)

Opinion editorial (Op-ed)
Nieuws (krant)
Pop.wet. Bladen

door blad (journal)
door redacteur
redactie

Wikipedia
Ziekenhuis
Bioplek

crowd (selectie)
redactie
docenten

Facebook

elke halve zool

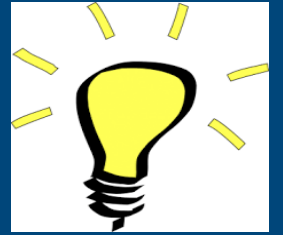


Wetenschap is de meest betrouwbare bron van informatie.
Maar, er moet wel vertrouwen zijn in het systeem.
=> integriteit

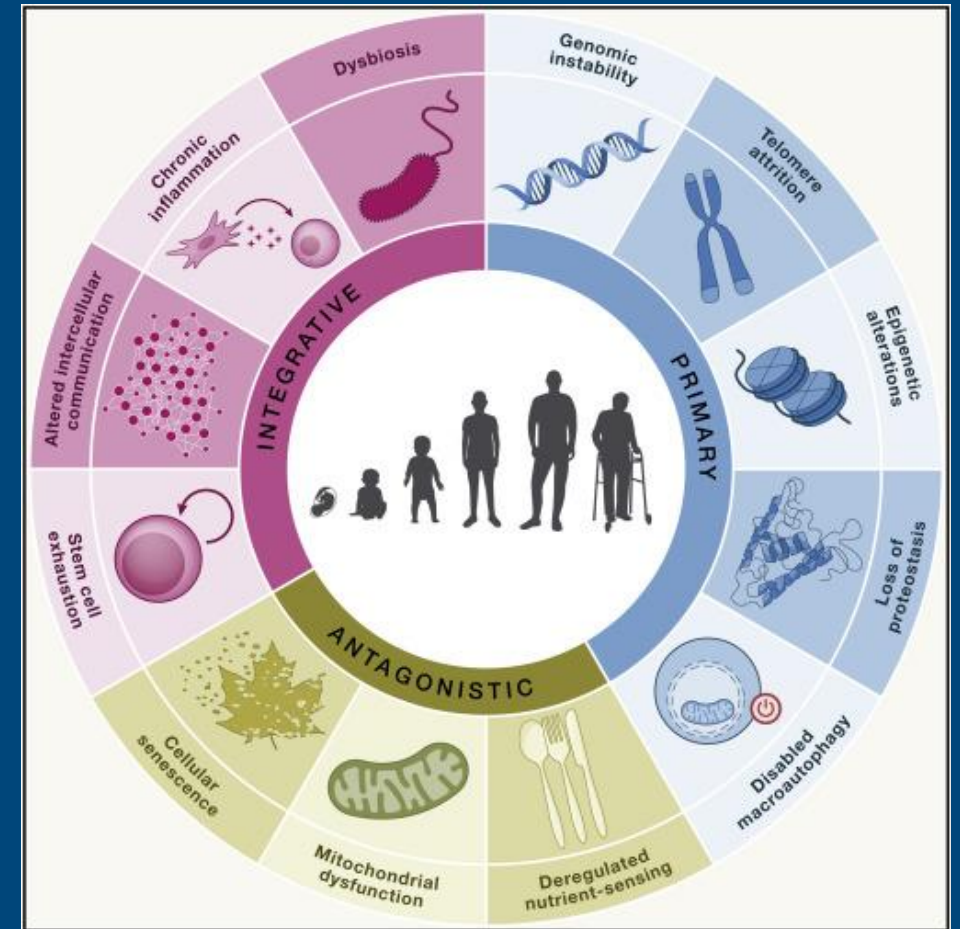
NB Wetenschappers maken ook fouten, en sommige facebook content is OK
Wat waar(devol) is, is subjectief

Review:

Hallmarks of aging



- Aging is driven by hallmarks fulfilling the following three premises: (1) their age-associated manifestation, (2) the acceleration of aging by experimentally accentuating them, and (3) the opportunity to decelerate, stop, or reverse aging by therapeutic interventions on them.
- We propose the following twelve hallmarks of aging: genomic instability, telomere attrition, epigenetic alterations, loss of proteostasis, disabled macroautophagy, deregulated nutrient-sensing, mitochondrial dysfunction, cellular senescence, stem cell exhaustion, altered intercellular communication, chronic inflammation, and dysbiosis.
- These hallmarks are interconnected among each other, as well as to the recently proposed hallmarks of health, which include organizational features of spatial compartmentalization, maintenance of homeostasis, and adequate responses to stress.
- [https://www.cell.com/cell/fulltext/S0092-8674\(22\)01377-0](https://www.cell.com/cell/fulltext/S0092-8674(22)01377-0)



Wetenschappelijke literatuur



- Pubmed

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed>

- Google scholar

<https://scholar.google.nl/>

- Wetenschappelijk woordenboek

<https://en.oxforddictionaries.com/>

- Science

<http://science.sciencemag.org/>

- Nature

<http://www.nature.com/nature/index.html>

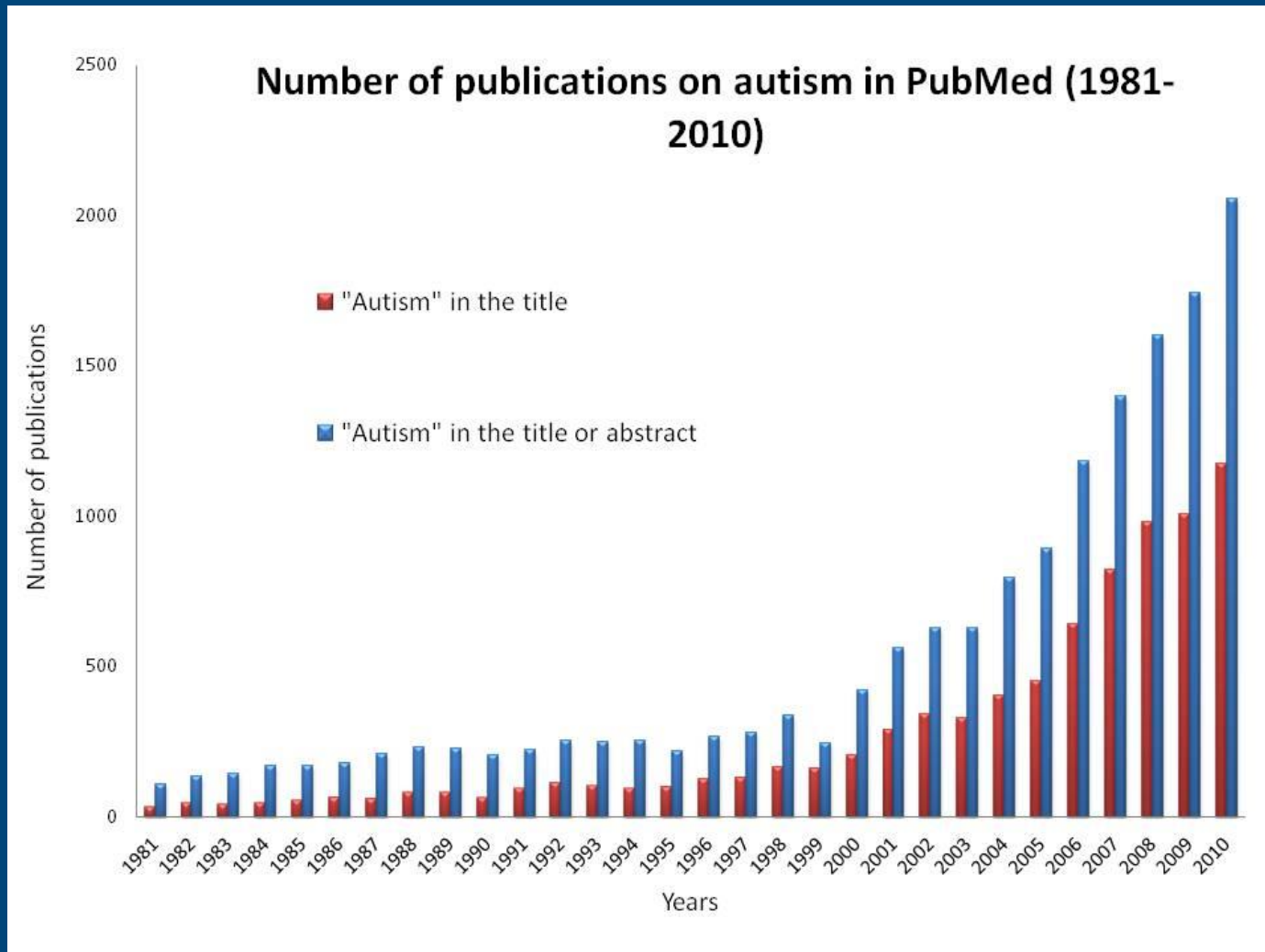
- Cell

<http://www.cell.com/cell/current>

Open access:

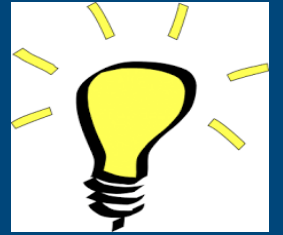
<http://www.openaccessweek.org/profiles/blogs/the-top-20-countries-for-scientific-output>

Literatuur Inflatie



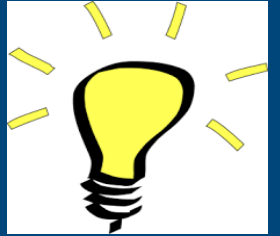
Geld voor
vrijwel alle
onderwerpen

wetenschappelijke literatuur

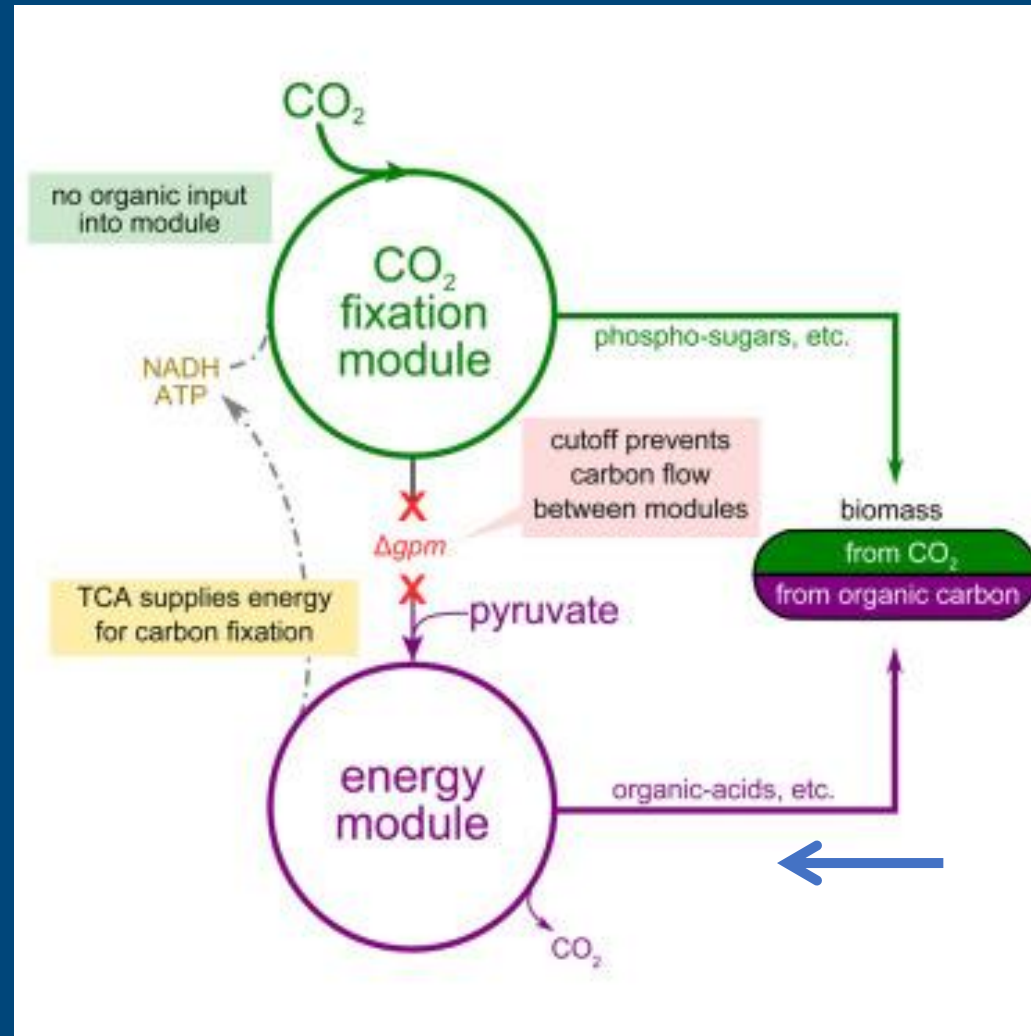


- TITEL
- **ABSTRACT / SUMMARY**
- INTRODUCTION
- RESULTS / METHODS
- DISCUSSION
- REFERENCES

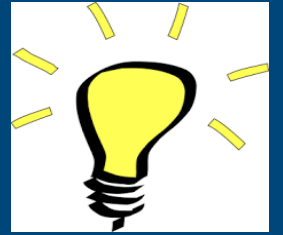
Sugar Synthesis from CO₂ in *Escherichia coli*
<https://www.nature.com/articles/d41586-019-03679-x>
Nov. 2019 => Quick fix !?



Can a heterotrophic organism be evolved to synthesize biomass from CO₂ directly? Here, we demonstrate how a combination of rational metabolic rewiring, recombinant expression, and laboratory evolution has led to the biosynthesis of sugars and other major biomass constituents in *E. coli*.



Carbon-negative production of acetone and isopropanol by gas fermentation at industrial pilot scale



- Many industrial chemicals that are produced from fossil resources could be manufactured more sustainably through fermentation. Here we describe the development of a carbon-negative fermentation route to producing the industrially important chemicals acetone and isopropanol from abundant, low-cost waste gas feedstocks, such as industrial emissions and syngas.

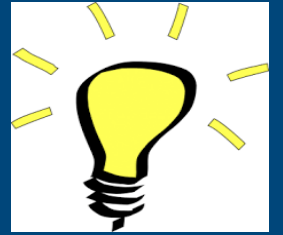
<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41587-021-01195-w.epdf>

Vragen



- Lex Fridman
 - Immunologie: autophagy, long covid, veroudering, Judo, Off-label
- => college 8

Lex Fridman podcast



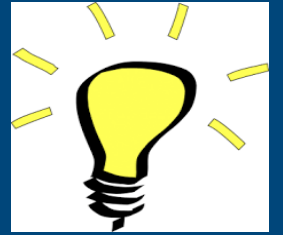
- <https://youtu.be/jvqFAi7vkBc>



- <https://youtu.be/GXgGR8KxFao>



Volgende week.



DNA/RNA-technologie

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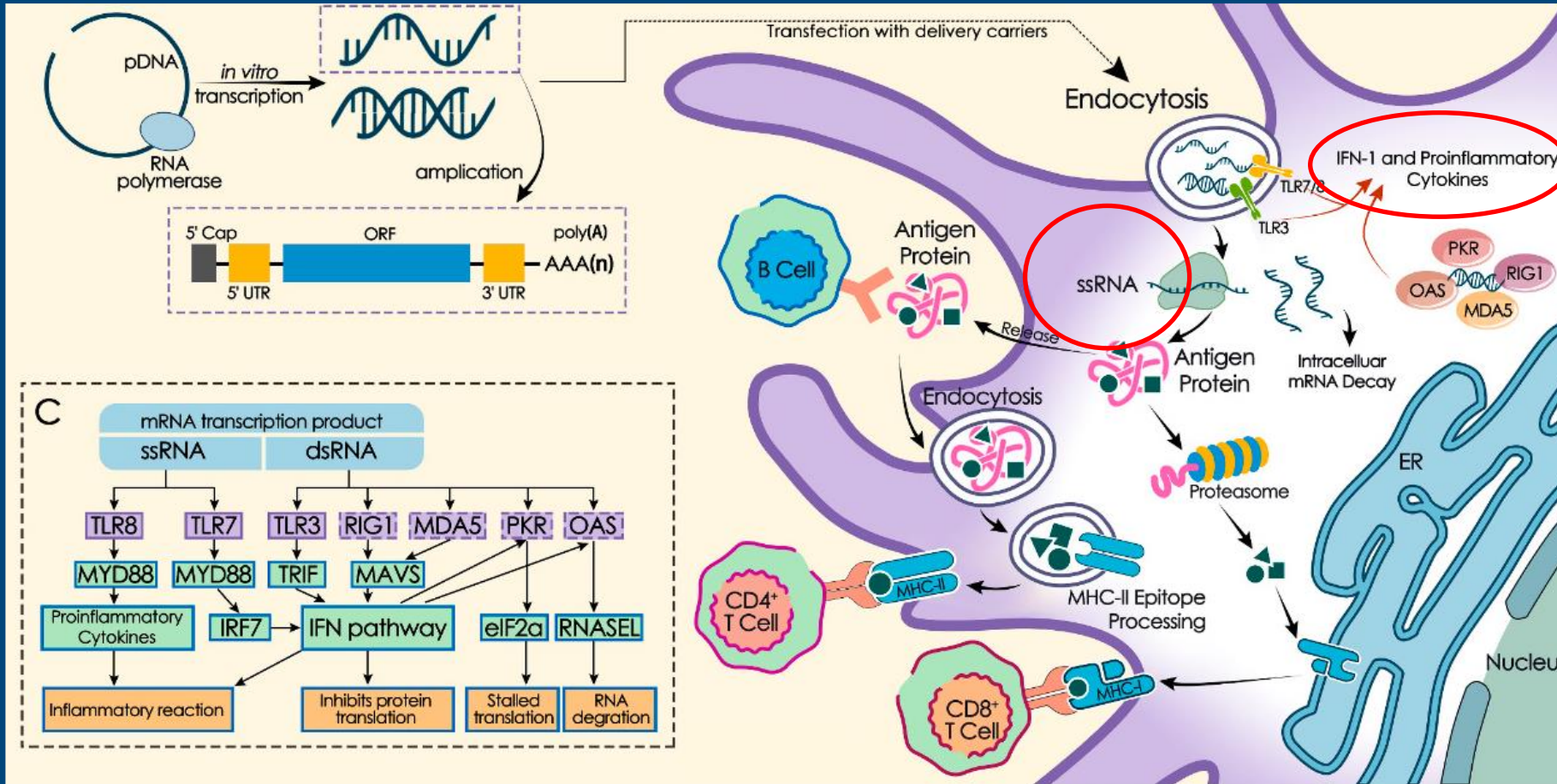
Genomics, proteomics en individuele gezondheidszorg

hoe werkt wetenschap?

Immunologie, Covid, autophagy en veroudering

mRNA in Vaccin

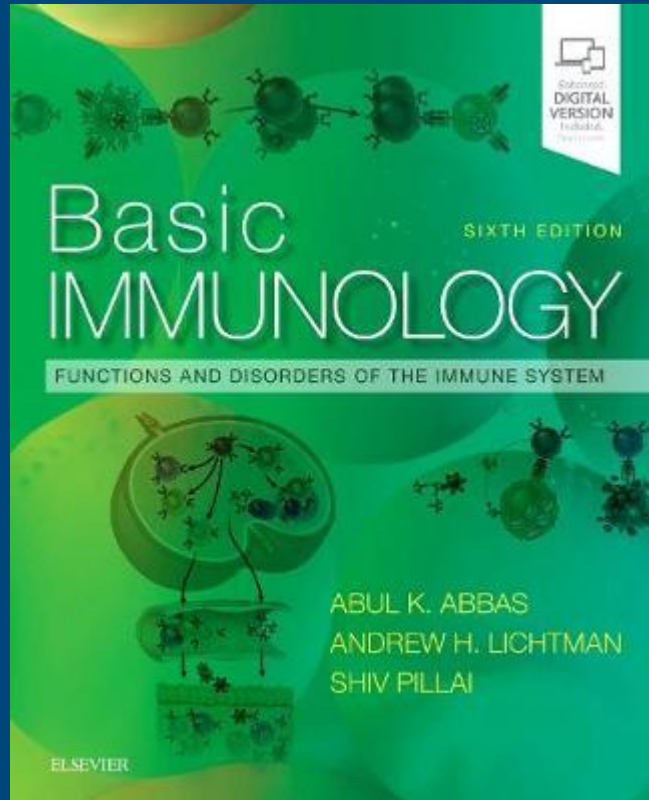
Direct naar ribosoom, en meer



Het is wel
complex

Immunologie

=>najaar 2024



Boek: Abbas, Basic Immunology.
Aanrader, maar **niet noodzakelijk**

1. Onderdelen van het afweersysteem
Cellen, signaalstoffen
2. Hoe leert het afweersysteem
Memory, Tolerantie
3. Huidige kennis
(RNA-)vaccins, antilichamen
4. **Intracellulaire afweer**
RNA detectie, CRISPR
5. Afweer en veroudering
Symbiose, ethiek

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zQGOcOUBi6s>

Intracellulaire afweer (tegen virussen)

De interferon respons



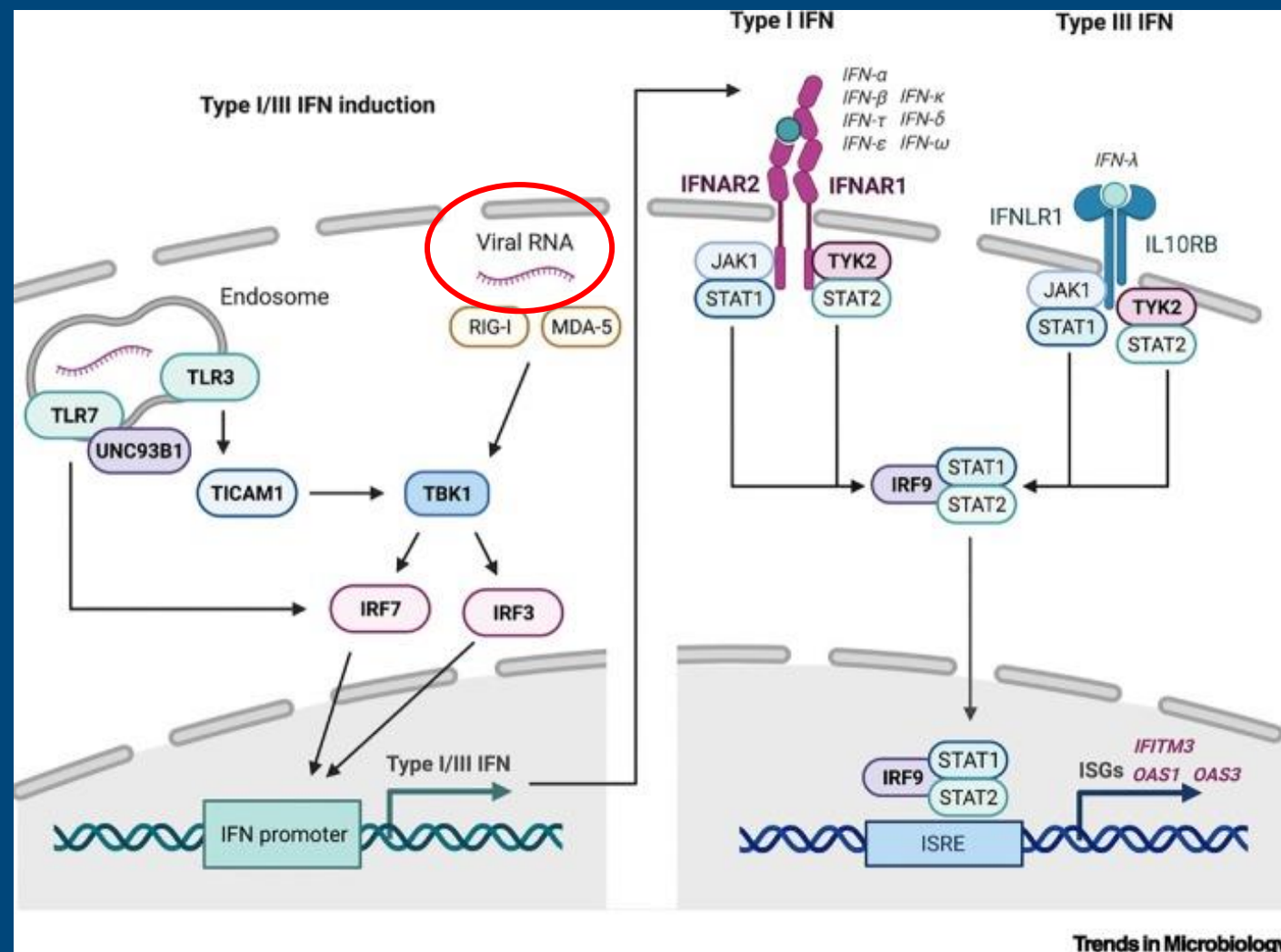
Simplified signaling cascades leading to transcription of type I/III interferon genes following infection with an **RNA virus** (*left panel*).

Simplified signaling cascades leading to transcription of interferon-stimulated genes (ISGs) following type I/III interferon stimulation (*right panel*).

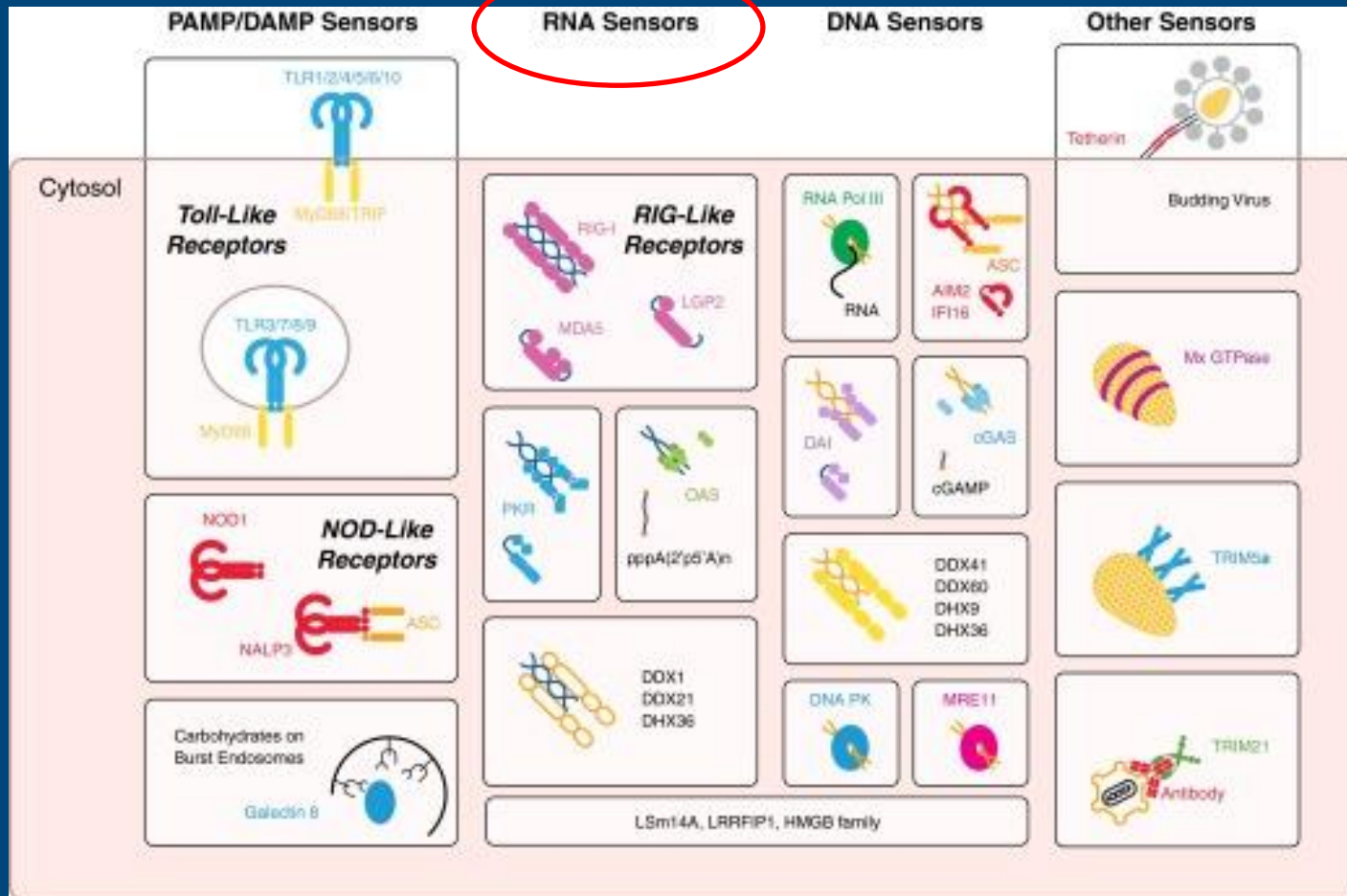
⇒ Meer MHC

⇒ Pro-inflammatoire cytokines

⇒ gevaar

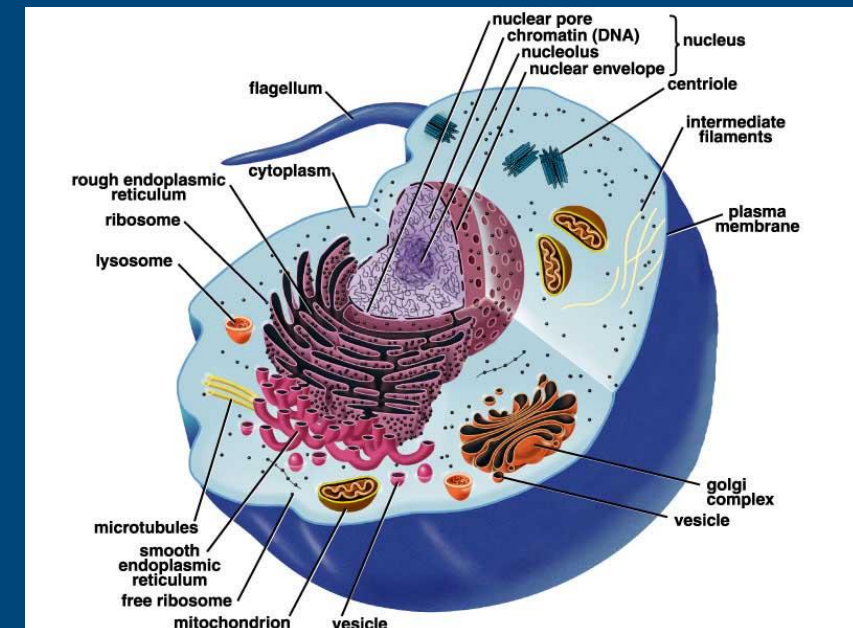


Intracellulaire afweer: interferon => aspecifiek!



Intracellular pathogen sensors are soluble, cytoplasmic proteins. TLR, NLR, and galectin-8 sensing of burst endosomes detect **danger** associated with infection.

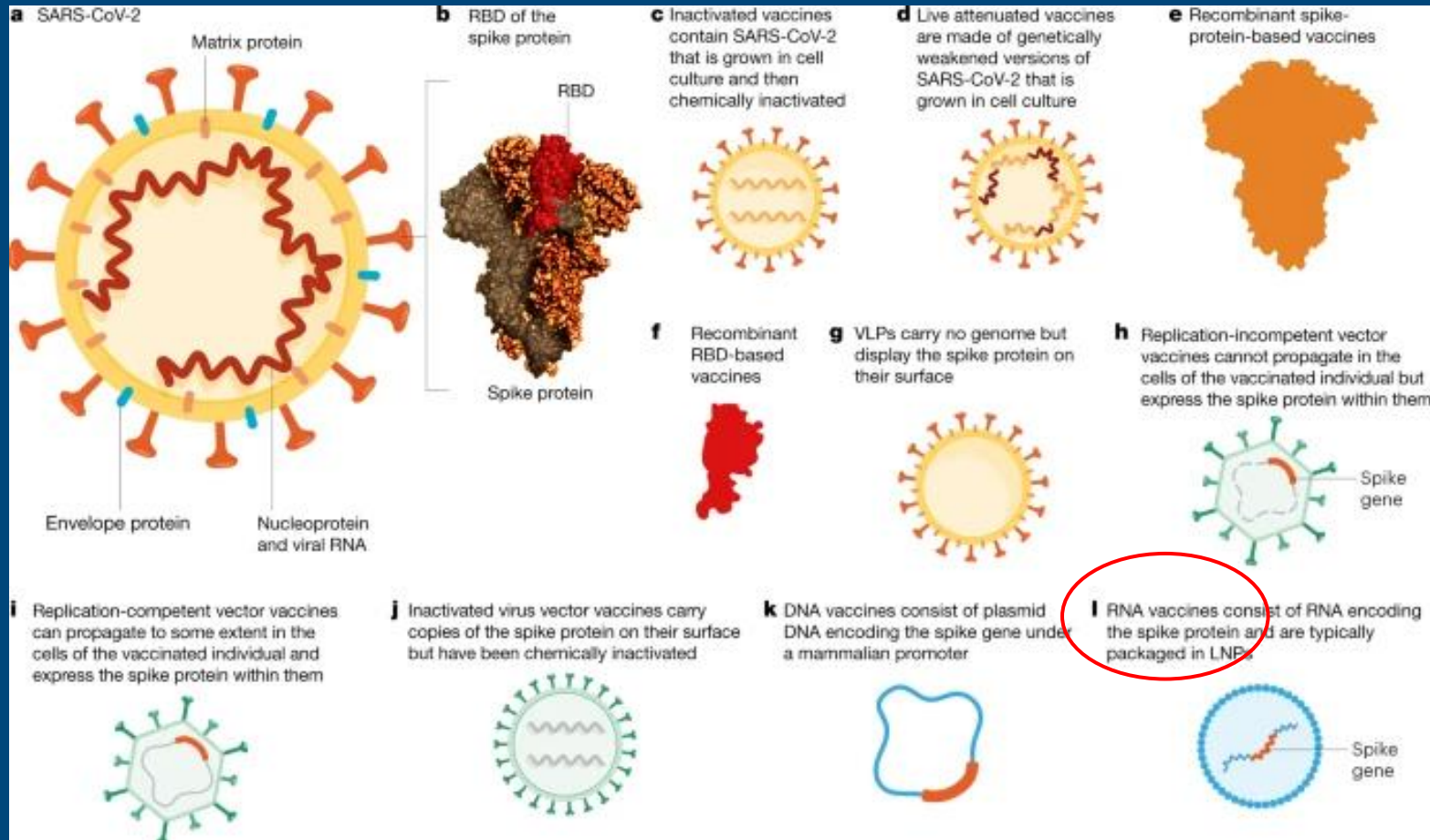
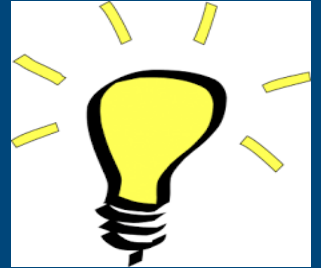
RNA komt in het cytoplasma normaal niet voor => virus!



https://www.sciencemag.org/topic/crispr?r3f_986=http://science.sciencemag.org/content/327/5962/167.full

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4192899/>

2021: SARS-CoV-2 vaccines

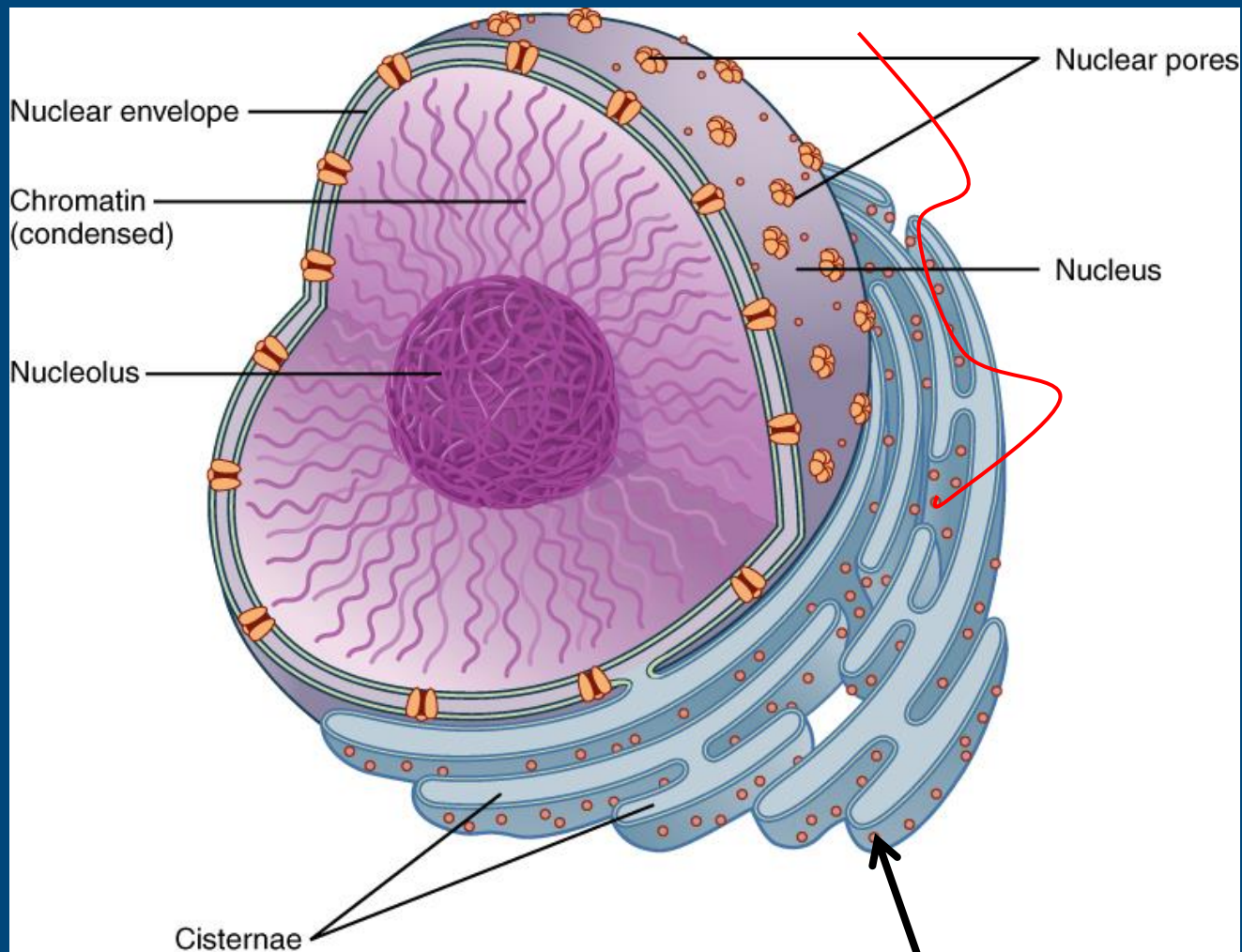


Zelfde techniek
als virus zelf

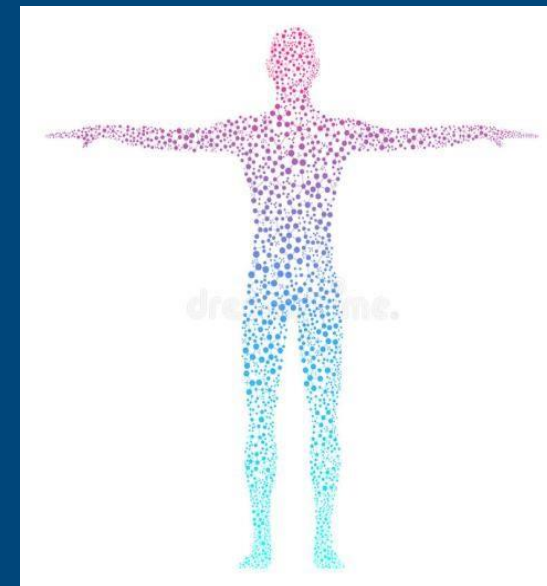
<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41586-020-2798-3>

<https://www.nature.com/nature/volumes/586/issues/7830>

mRNA, buiten de celkern

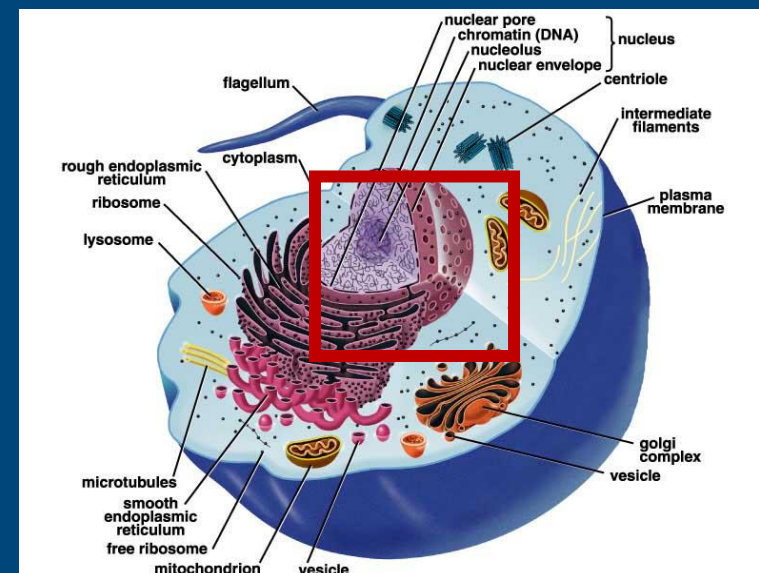


Ruw Endoplasmatisch Reticulum met ribosomen
(mRNA => eiwit)

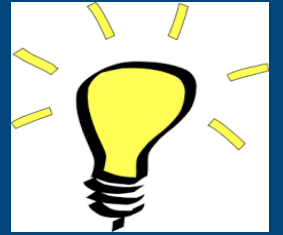


Leven bestaat
uit cellen
<https://youtu.be/SEejivHRIbE>

Een (eukaryote) cel met **celkern**



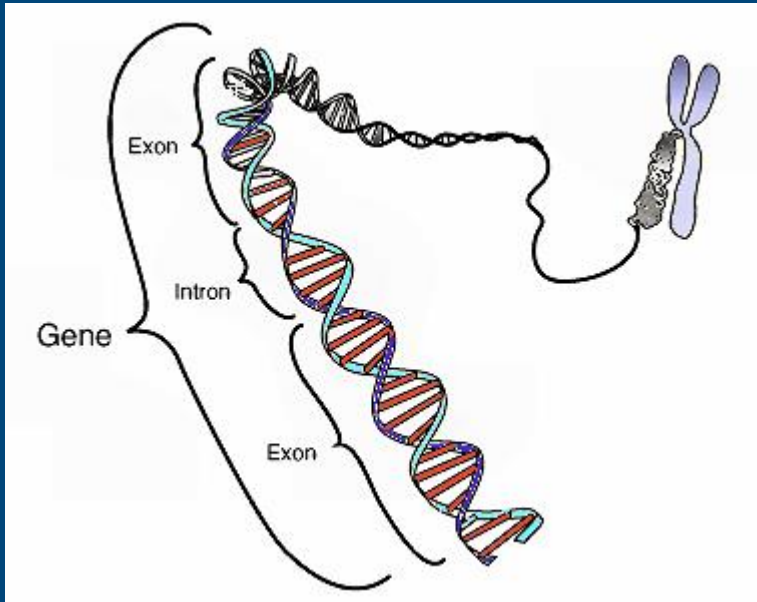
Celbio:
Gen => RNA => Eiwit



Gen

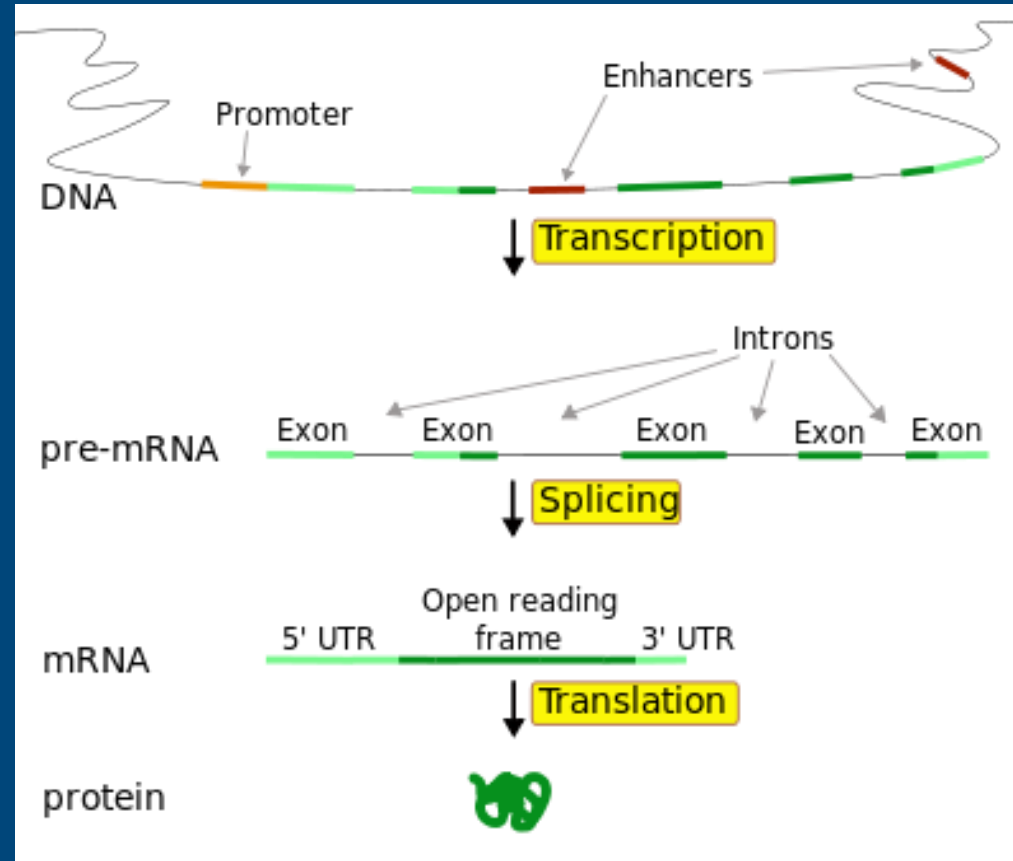
RNA

Eiwit



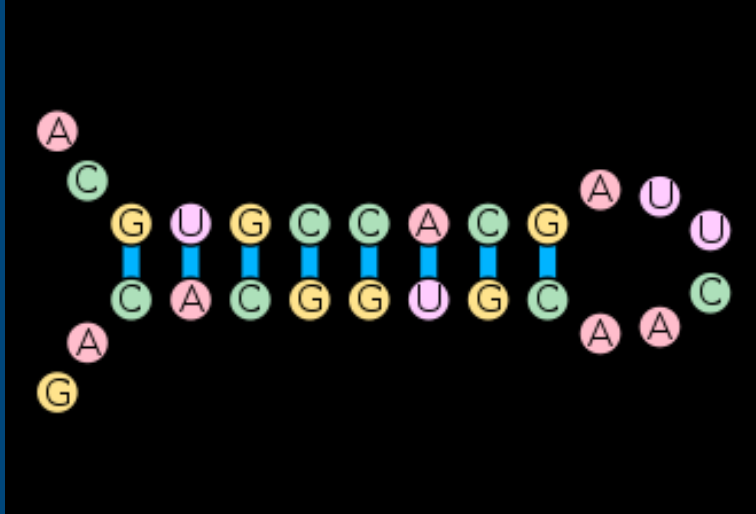
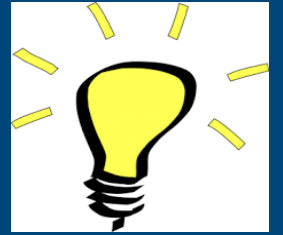
Een gen produceert 2-30 mRNAs/uur

Watson, Crick, Franklin, Wilkins.



Central dogma of molecular biology

RNA en 3D => vgl met eiwit !



Ook basis van mRNA vaccin

- <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stem-loop>
- <https://genetics.thetech.org/ask/ask328>
- <https://www.nature.com/scitable/topicpage/dna-transcription-426>

Loops zorgen voor bescherming.

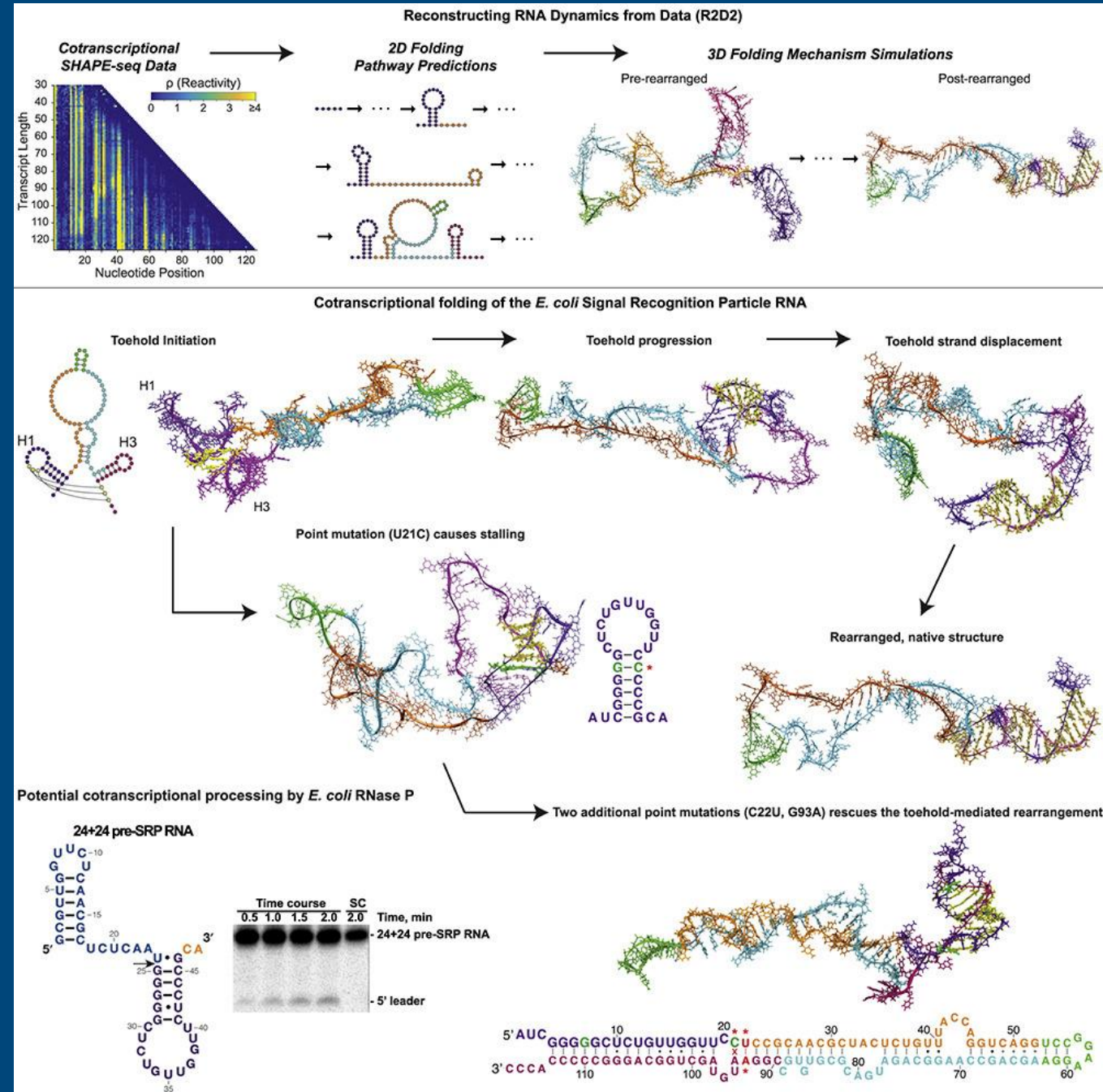
Meerdere RNA's tegelijk

Eigenlijk ingewikkelder
dan DNA

3D als eiwit !

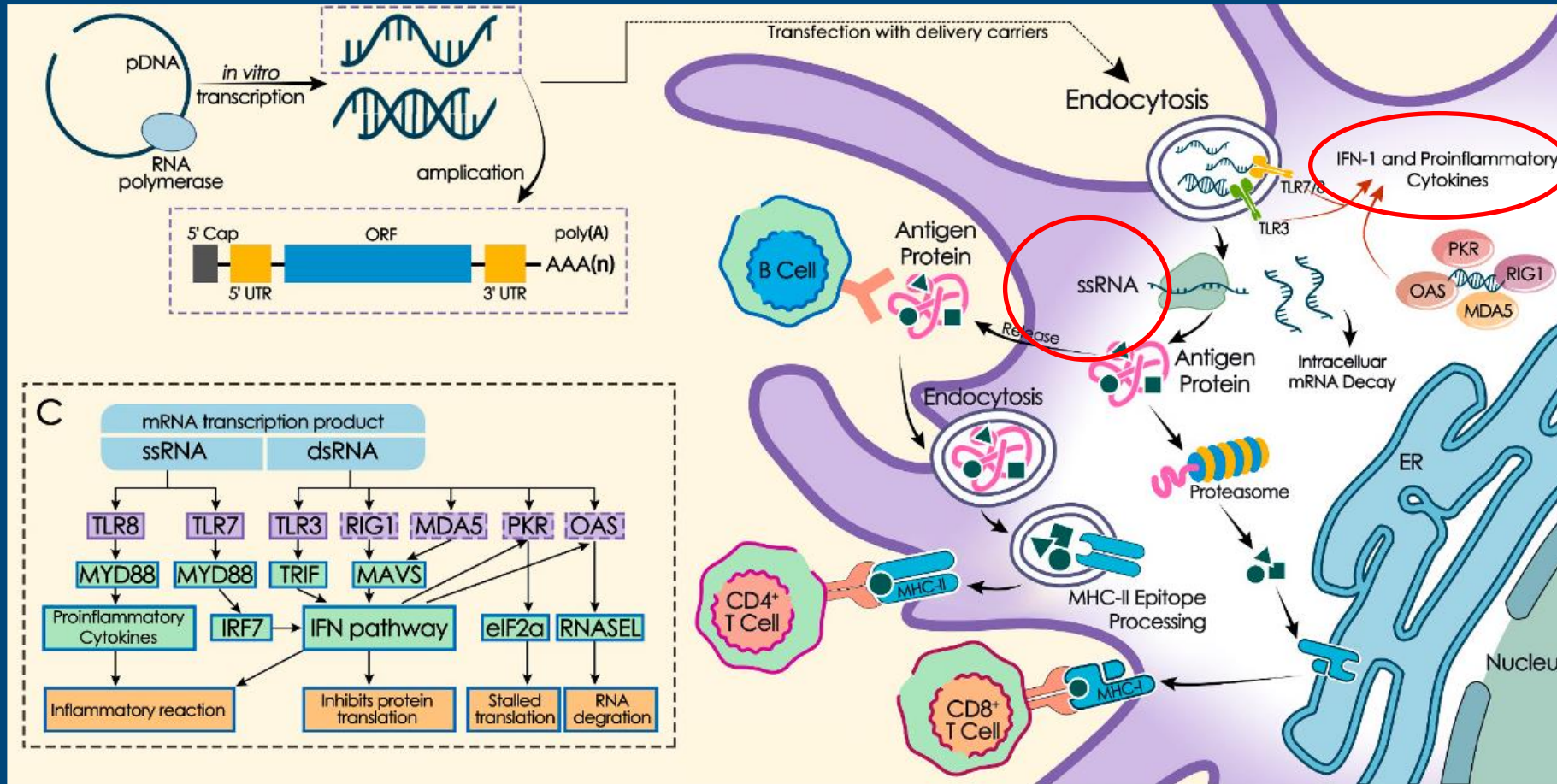
Modificaties bij
vaccins

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1097276520309369?via%3Dihub>



mRNA in Vaccin

Direct naar ribosoom, en meer



Werkingsmechanisme
is niet helemaal
duidelijk!
Intellectual Property
(IP)

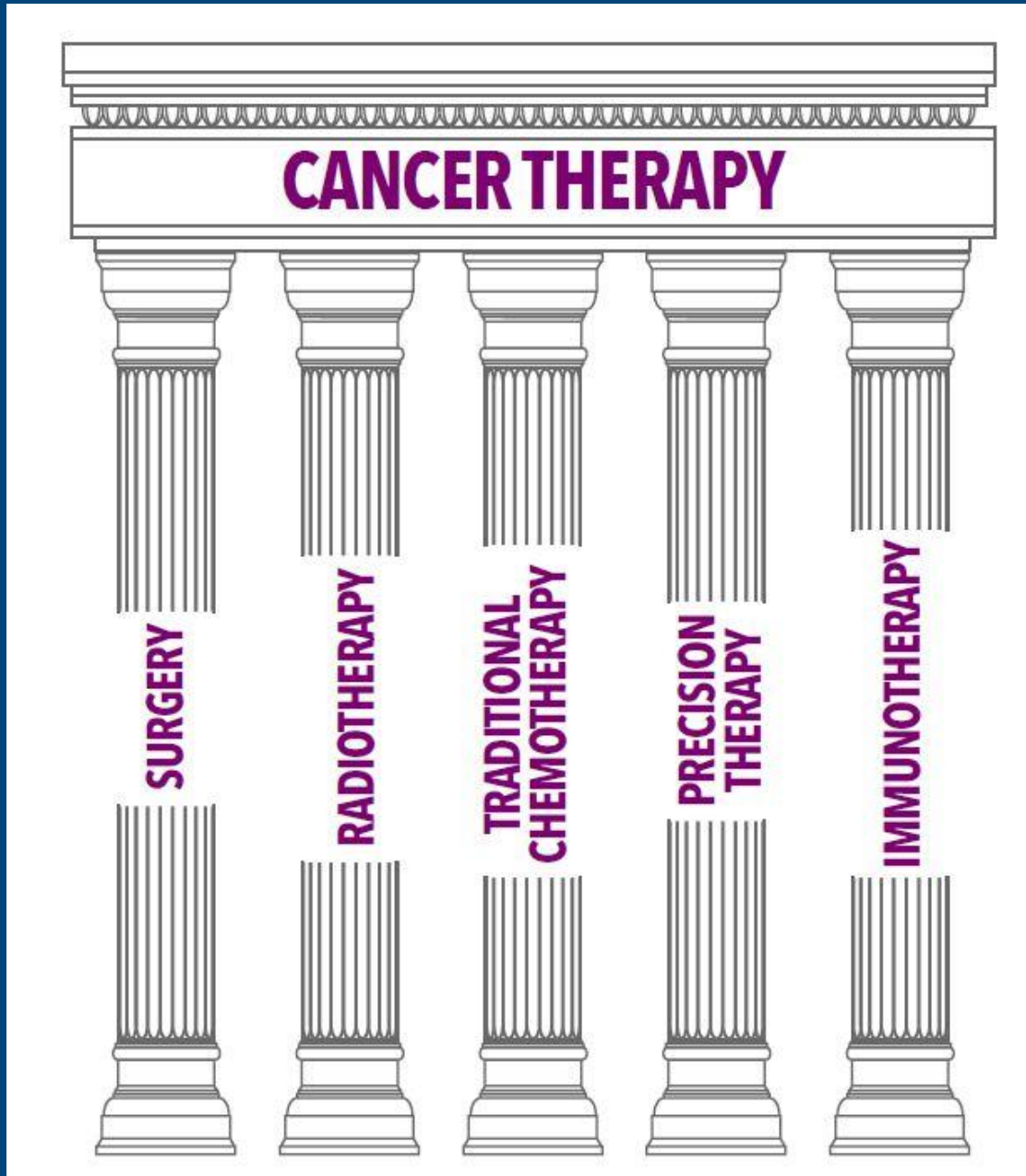
mRNA tegen kanker



- <https://youtu.be/R83JCXSjvJo?t=2121>

Sunday with Laura Kuennsberg | 16th October 2022

Immunotherapy: A New way of treating cancer



Surgery: wegsnijden

Radio: bestraling

Chemo: doden (alle) snel delende cellen

Precision: doden specifieke cellen
(antilichamen)

Immuuntherapie:

Afweercellen opleiden tot tumor bestrijders

mRNA immunisatie

Corona, saboteert de INF respons

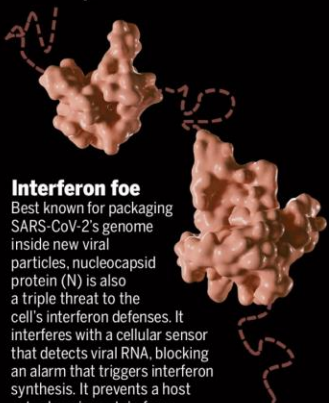
Sabotaging the immune response

Scientists are still deciphering how SARS-CoV-2 neutralizes immune responses, but its counterattack relies on many proteins. Some appear to interfere with antiviral molecules called interferons, whereas others keep a cell from making its own defensive proteins or stymie the recycling process of autophagy. (Colors reflect a protein's gene, with some genes encoding multiple proteins.)

Anti-immune action

- Block protein synthesis
- Block interferon response
- ◆ Disrupt autophagy
- ▲ Prevent T cell detection
- ◆ Other protective mechanisms

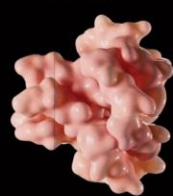
Nucleocapsid ◆◆



Interferon foe

Best known for packaging SARS-CoV-2's genome inside new viral particles, nucleocapsid protein (N) is also a triple threat to the cell's interferon defenses. It interferes with a cellular sensor that detects viral RNA, blocking an alarm that triggers interferon synthesis. It prevents a host cytoplasmic protein from moving into the nucleus to turn on interferon genes. And it keeps a cell from responding to interferons made elsewhere. Normally, a cell prodded by interferons turns on hundreds of virus-fighting genes, but N halts activation of a molecular cluster needed to boot up these genes.

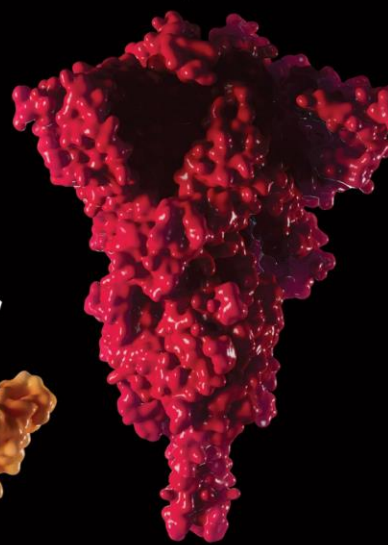
Envelope ●



Membrane ●●



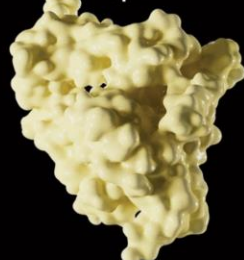
Spike



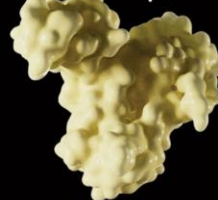
ORF3a ●●▲



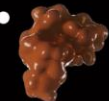
Nsp12 ●



Nsp13 ●



ORF3b* ●



ORF6 ●▲



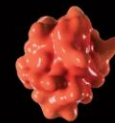
ORF7a ●●◆▲



ORF7b ●



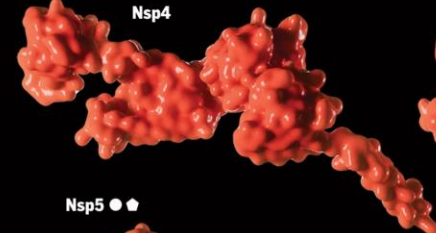
Nsp1 ■●



Supply line disruptor

Nonstructural protein 1 (Nsp1) is a saboteur that strikes an infected cell's supply lines. By obstructing its host's ribosomes, it stalls protein synthesis, preventing the cell from making interferons and potentially disrupting other defenses that require new proteins. The viral protein may also cut the flow of information to ribosomes: It could block messenger RNAs that guide the synthesis of interferons from traveling from the cell nucleus to the cytoplasm, where ribosomes reside.

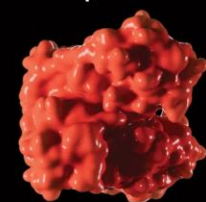
Nsp4



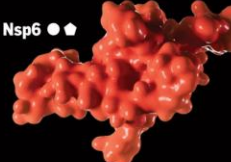
Nsp7



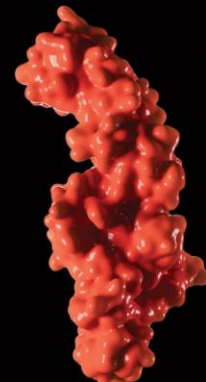
Nsp5 ●●



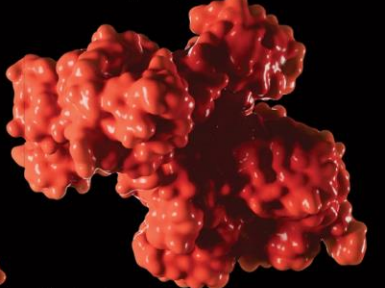
Nsp6 ●●



Nsp2 ●



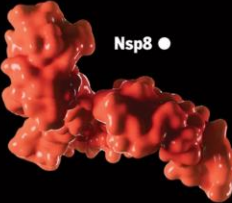
Nsp3 ◆◆



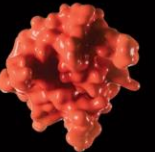
Viral scissor

An enzyme adept at cutting proteins, Nsp3 waylays a molecule that helps turn on interferon synthesis. It also foils another antiviral defense that involves protein modifications.

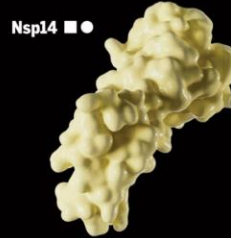
Nsp8 ●



Nsp9 ●



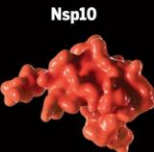
Nsp14 ■●



Nsp16 ■●



Nsp10



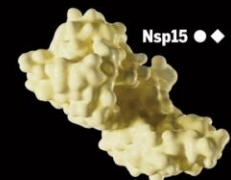
Nsp11



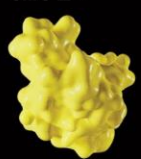
Camouflaging RNA

This enzyme helps disguise viral RNA by cutting off a stretch of nucleotides that would tip off the cell to the pathogen's presence. Other research implicates the protein in inhibiting interferon synthesis and stalling autophagy, a recycling process that can destroy viral proteins or viruses.

Nsp15 ◆◆



ORF8 ▲◆



ORF9b ●



ORF10** ●●



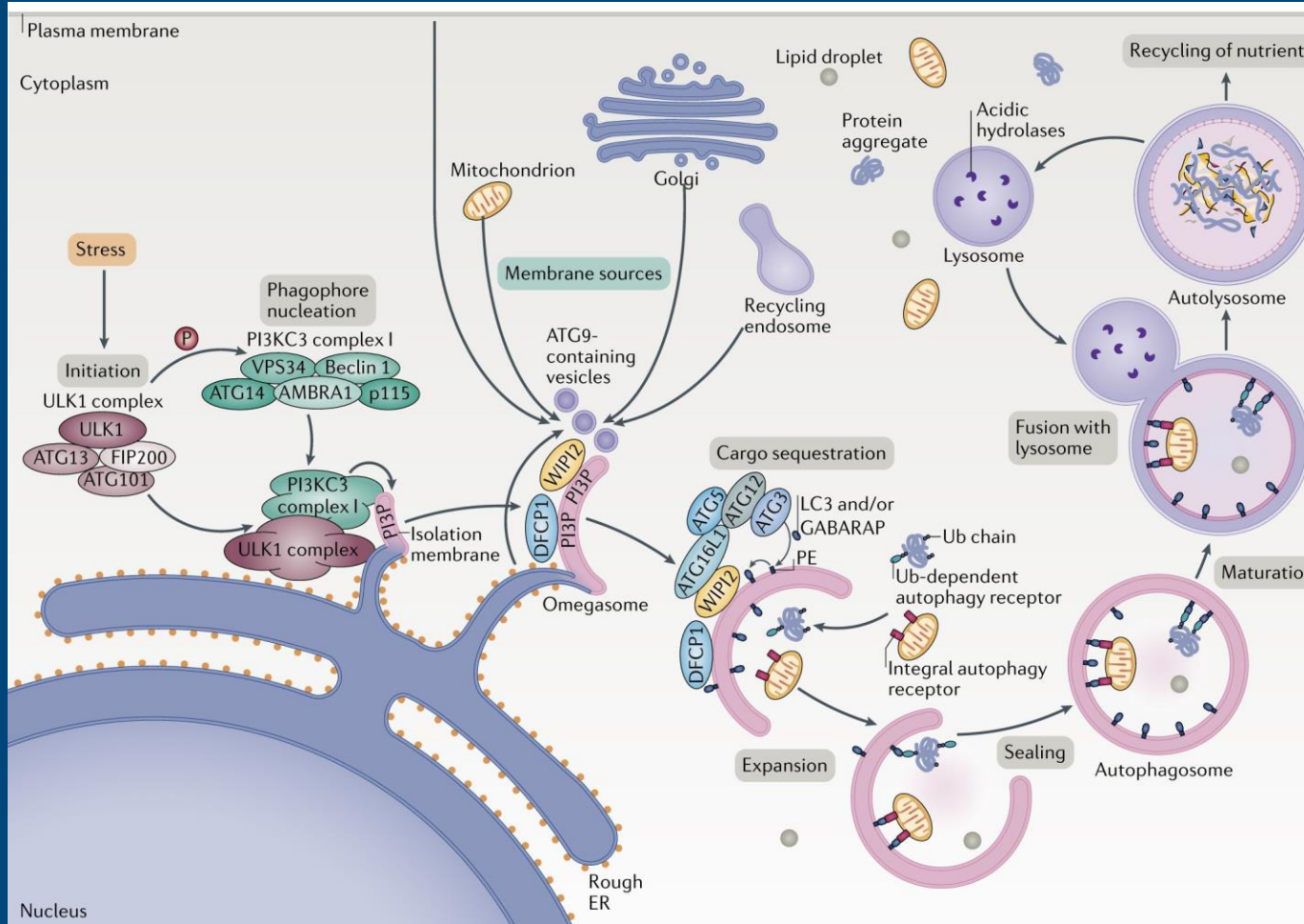
*Some data suggest this protein is truncated and nonfunctional in host cells.

**This protein and two others not shown, ORF9c and ORF3c, have not been conclusively documented in cells infected by SARS-CoV-2.

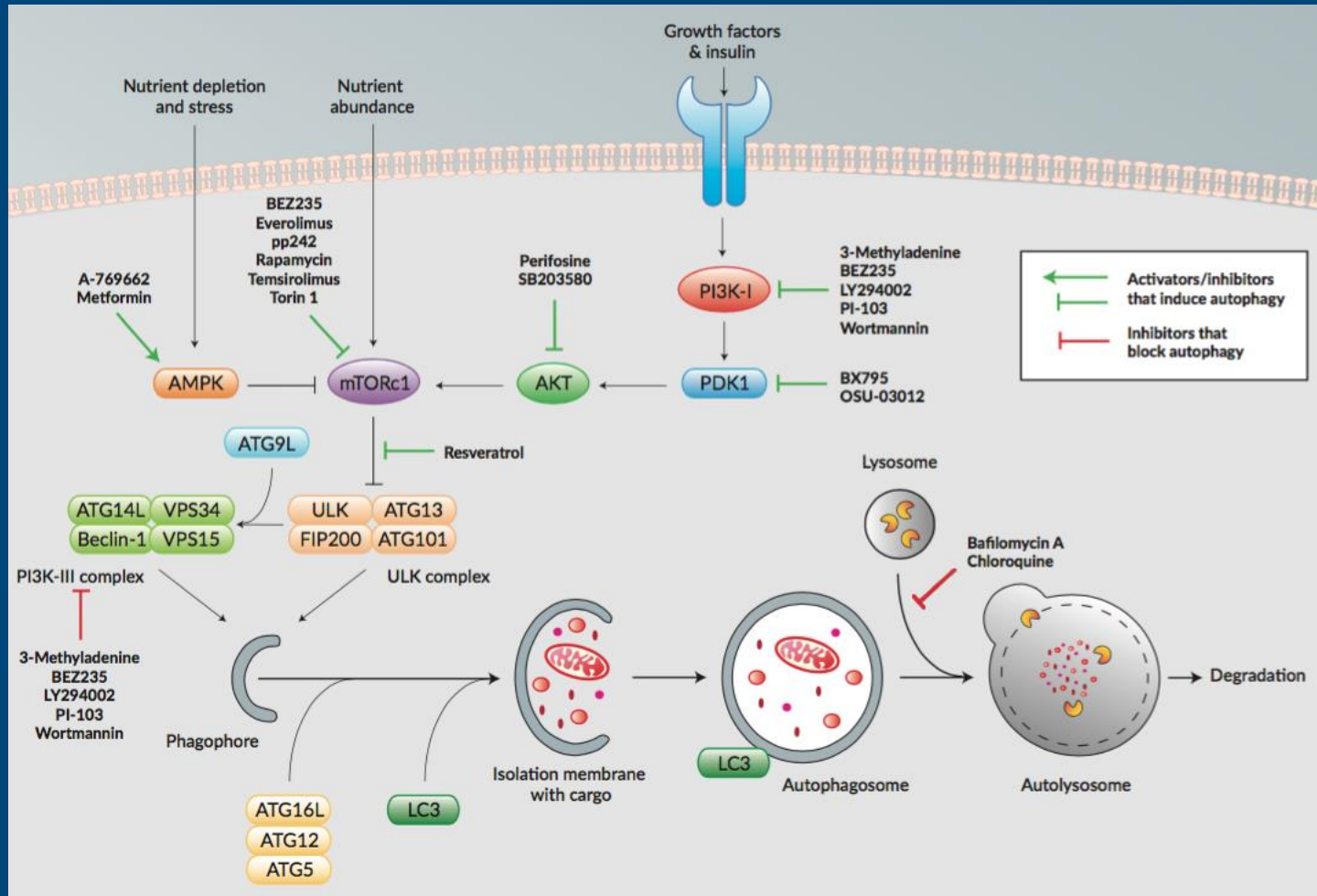
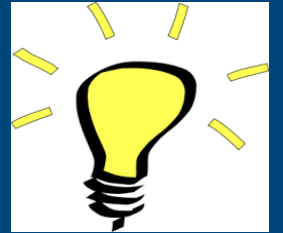
CREDITS: (GRAPHIC) V. ALTOUNIAN AND C. SMITH/SCIENCE; (PROTEINS) [HTTPS://SCIM.AG/VIRALARSENAL](https://scim.ag/viralarsenal)

Autophagy

Overlap met de intracellulaire afweer



Autophagy, nutrient sensing and longevity

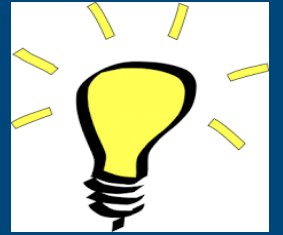


Studies using yeasts, worms, flies and mice have demonstrated a broad requirement for autophagy-related genes in **lifespan extension**.

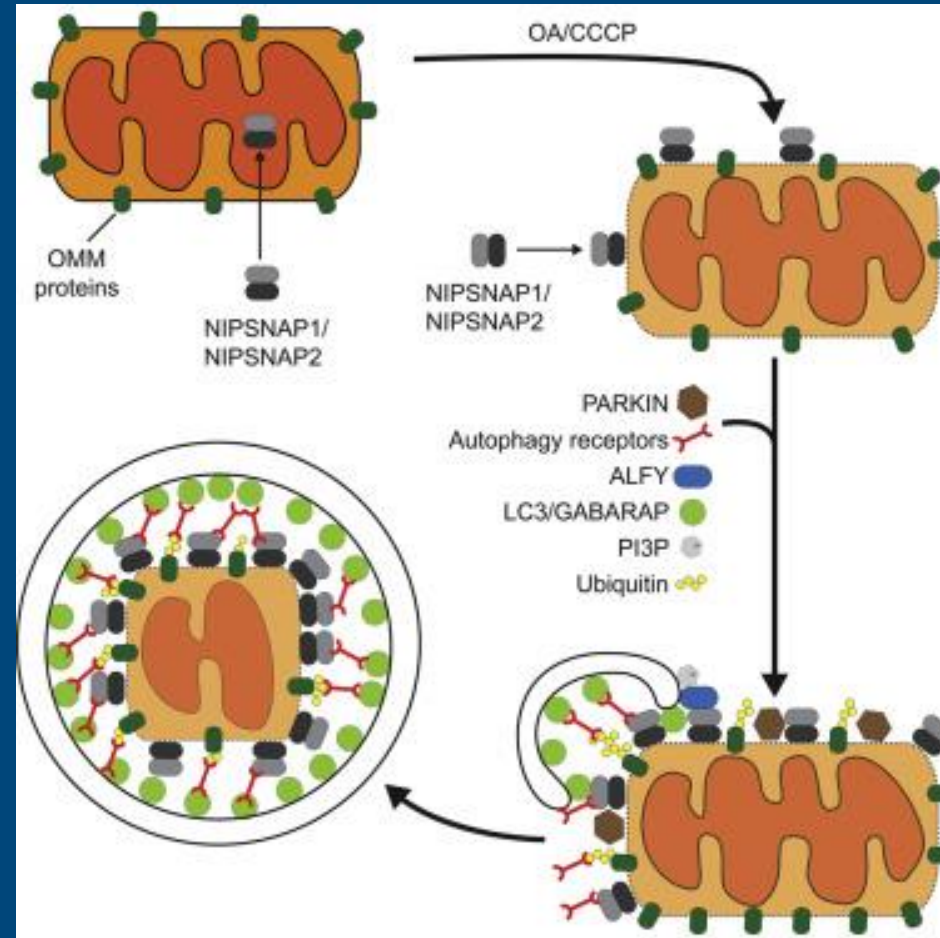
Selective types of autophagy may be crucial for longevity by specifically targeting dysfunctional cellular components and preventing their accumulation

=> **Caloric restriction (fasting)**

“Eat Me” Signals for Mitophagy => vgl met fagocytose

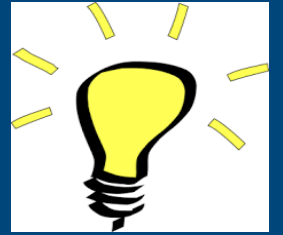


- The clearance of damaged or dysfunctional mitochondria by selective autophagy (mitophagy) is important for cellular homeostasis and prevention of disease.
- The mitochondrial matrix proteins NIPSNAP1 and NIPSNAP2 accumulate on the mitochondria surface upon mitochondrial depolarization. There, they recruit proteins involved in selective autophagy, thereby functioning as an “eat me” signal for mitophagy. Zebrafish lacking a functional Nipsnap1 display reduced mitophagy in the brain and parkinsonian phenotypes.
- NB Mitochondrien kunnen nog zelf delen en nieuwe mitochondrien maken

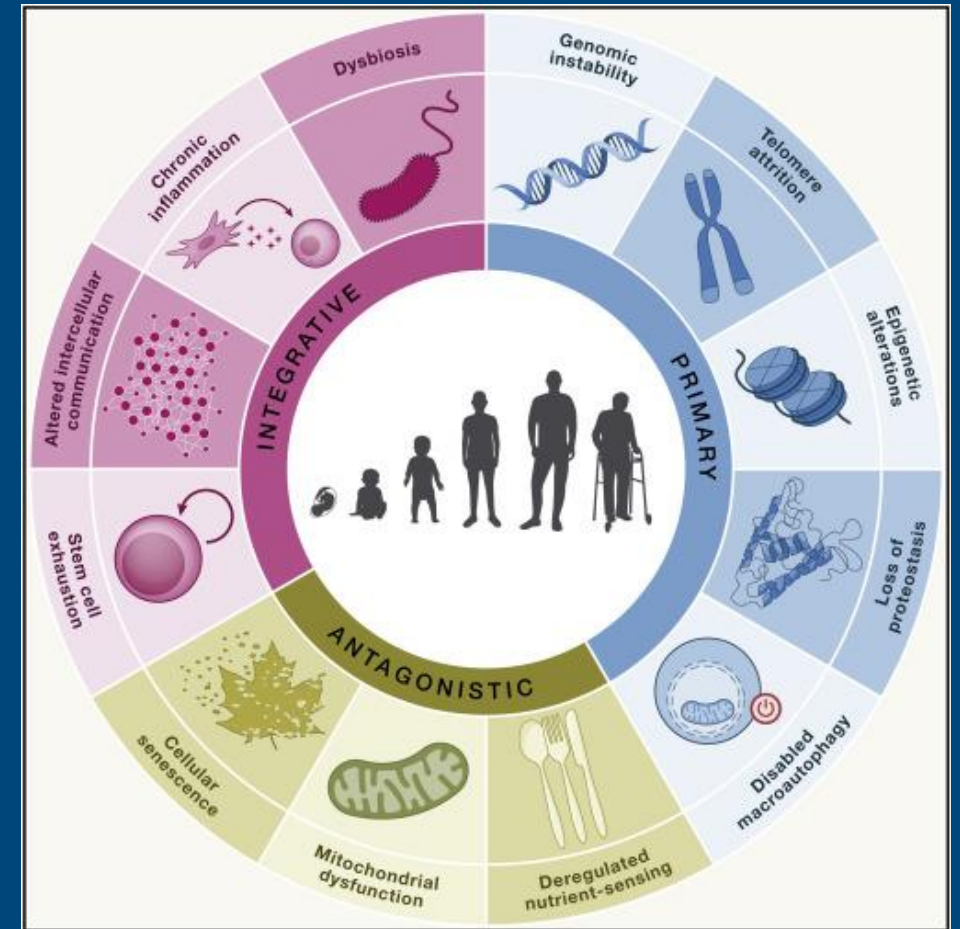


Review:

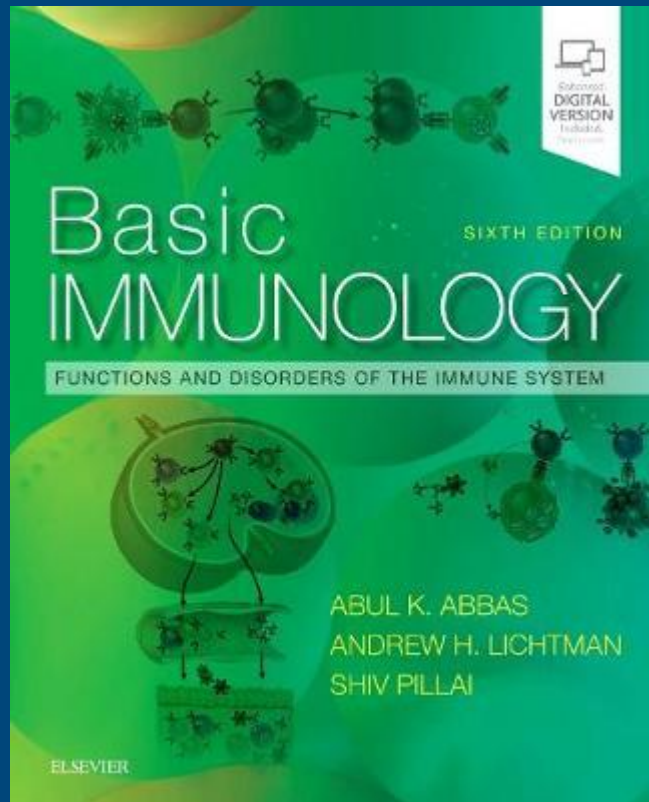
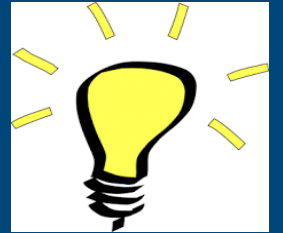
Hallmarks of aging



- Aging is driven by hallmarks fulfilling the following three premises: (1) their age-associated manifestation, (2) the acceleration of aging by experimentally accentuating them, and (3) the opportunity to decelerate, stop, or reverse aging by therapeutic interventions on them.
- We propose the following twelve hallmarks of aging: genomic instability, telomere attrition, epigenetic alterations, loss of proteostasis, disabled macroautophagy, deregulated nutrient-sensing, mitochondrial dysfunction, cellular senescence, stem cell exhaustion, altered intercellular communication, chronic inflammation, and dysbiosis.
- These hallmarks are interconnected among each other, as well as to the recently proposed hallmarks of health, which include organizational features of spatial compartmentalization, maintenance of homeostasis, and adequate responses to stress.
- [https://www.cell.com/cell/fulltext/S0092-8674\(22\)01377-0](https://www.cell.com/cell/fulltext/S0092-8674(22)01377-0)



Immunologie

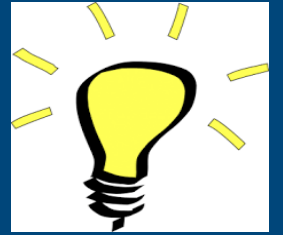


Boek: Abbas, Basic Immunology.
Aanrader, maar **niet noodzakelijk**

1. Onderdelen van het afweersysteem
Cellen, signaalstoffen
2. Hoe leert het afweersysteem
Memory, Tolerantie
3. Huidige kennis
(RNA-)vaccins, antilichamen
4. Intracellulaire afweer
RNA detectie, **CRISPR**
5. Afweer en veroudering
Symbiose, ethiek

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zQGOcOUBi6s>

Kurzgesagt



The Deadliest Being on Planet Earth – The Bacteriophage



Ze zien er ook uit
alsof ze verzonnen zijn.

Our Best Stuff ► ALLES AFSPLEN

New here? Try these.

GREAT FILTER	OPTIMISTIC NIHILISM	WORMHOLES	LONELINESS	VACCINES
Why Alien Life Would be our Doom - The Great Filter Kurzgesagt – In a Nutshell 19 min. weergaven • 3 jaar geleden Ondertiteling	Optimistisch Nihilisme Kurzgesagt – In a Nutshell 12 min. weergaven • 3 jaar geleden Ondertiteling	Wormgaten uitgelegd - de ruimtetijd breken Kurzgesagt – In a Nutshell 15 min. weergaven • 2 jaar geleden Ondertiteling	Eenzaamheid Kurzgesagt – In a Nutshell 16 min. weergaven • 2 jaar geleden Ondertiteling	De bijwerkingen van inentingen - Hoe hoog is het... Kurzgesagt – In a Nutshell 10 min. weergaven • 1 jaar geleden Ondertiteling

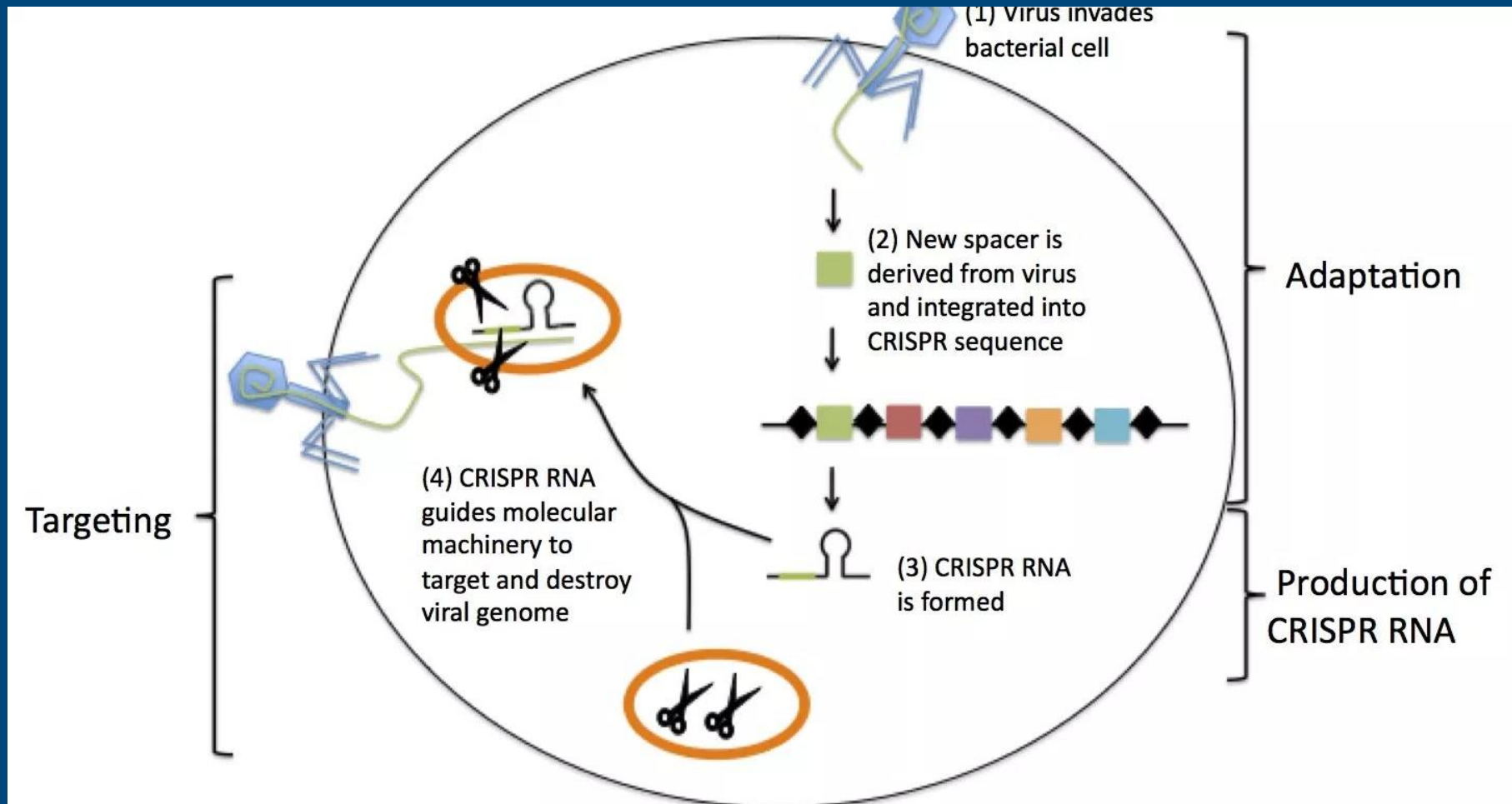
The Existential Crisis Playlist ► ALLES AFSPLEN

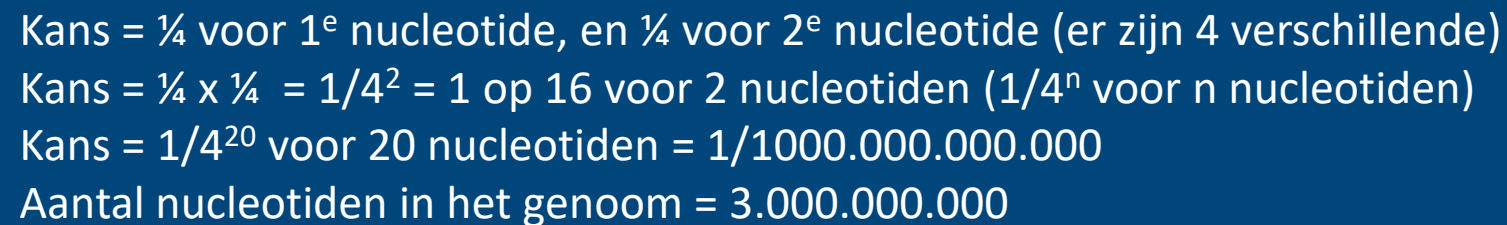
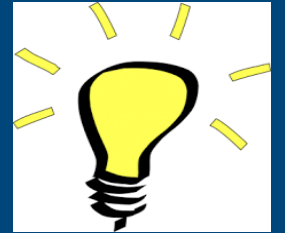
NUCLEAR DEATH	NUKE THE MOON	NO MORE SUN	GEOENGINEERING	THE HUMAN ERA
How Many People Did Nuclear Energy Kill? Nuclea... Kurzgesagt – In a Nutshell 4,6 min. weergaven • 1 maand geleden Ondertiteling	What If We Nuke the Moon? Kurzgesagt – In a Nutshell 7,4 min. weergaven • 2 maanden geleden	What If Earth got Kicked Out of the Solar System? Rogue... Kurzgesagt – In a Nutshell 7,6 min. weergaven • 3 maanden geleden Ondertiteling	Geoengineering: A Horrible Idea We Might Have to Do Kurzgesagt – In a Nutshell 5 min. weergaven • 4 maanden geleden Ondertiteling	Toen de tijd geschiedenis werd - het menselijke tijdperk Kurzgesagt – In a Nutshell 5,4 min. weergaven • 4 maanden geleden Ondertiteling

<https://www.youtube.com/c/inanutshell>

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YI3tsmFsrOg&ab_channel=Kurzgesagt%E2%80%93InaNutshell

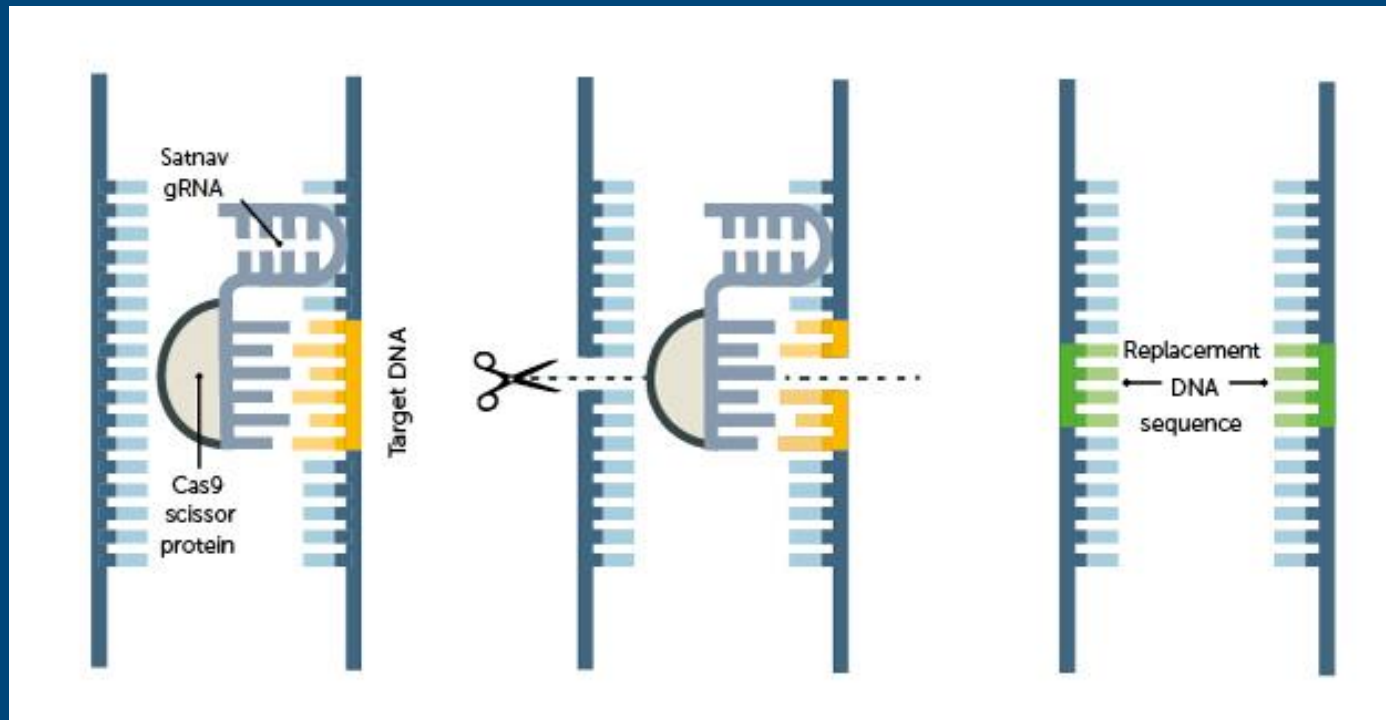
CRISPR,
Intracellular bacterial defence against virus
=> specifiek, met memory !





Klein stukje GuideRNA/primer zorgt al voor specifieke herkenning
=> in principe geen off-target effects
=> Zelfde techniek is de basis van PCR (guide => primer)

Cas: an enzyme that cuts DNA
CRISPR targets ($\Rightarrow$ satnav), Cas cuts ($\Rightarrow$ scissor)



modified Cas

$\Rightarrow$ replace cut-out DNA with any desired sequence

$\Rightarrow$ gene-therapy

'Opeens kunnen we - poef - álles genetisch veranderen'

Jennifer Doudna



niet te snel, straks struikelen we over onze eigen voeten.

Nobelprijs 2020

- **Emmanuelle Charpentier**
Max Planck Unit for the Science of Pathogens, Berlin, Germany
- **Jennifer A. Doudna**
University of California, Berkeley, USA
- *“for the development of a method for genome editing”*

<https://www.nobelprize.org/prizes/chemistry/2020/press-release/>

Evolutie

- Langzaam
- Slordig
- Moet functioneel zijn

=> Gevaar!

=> ethiek!

v

Gentechnologie

v

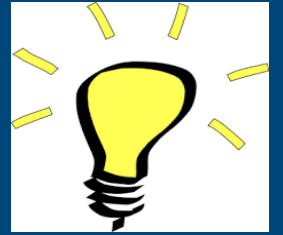
Snel

v

Precies

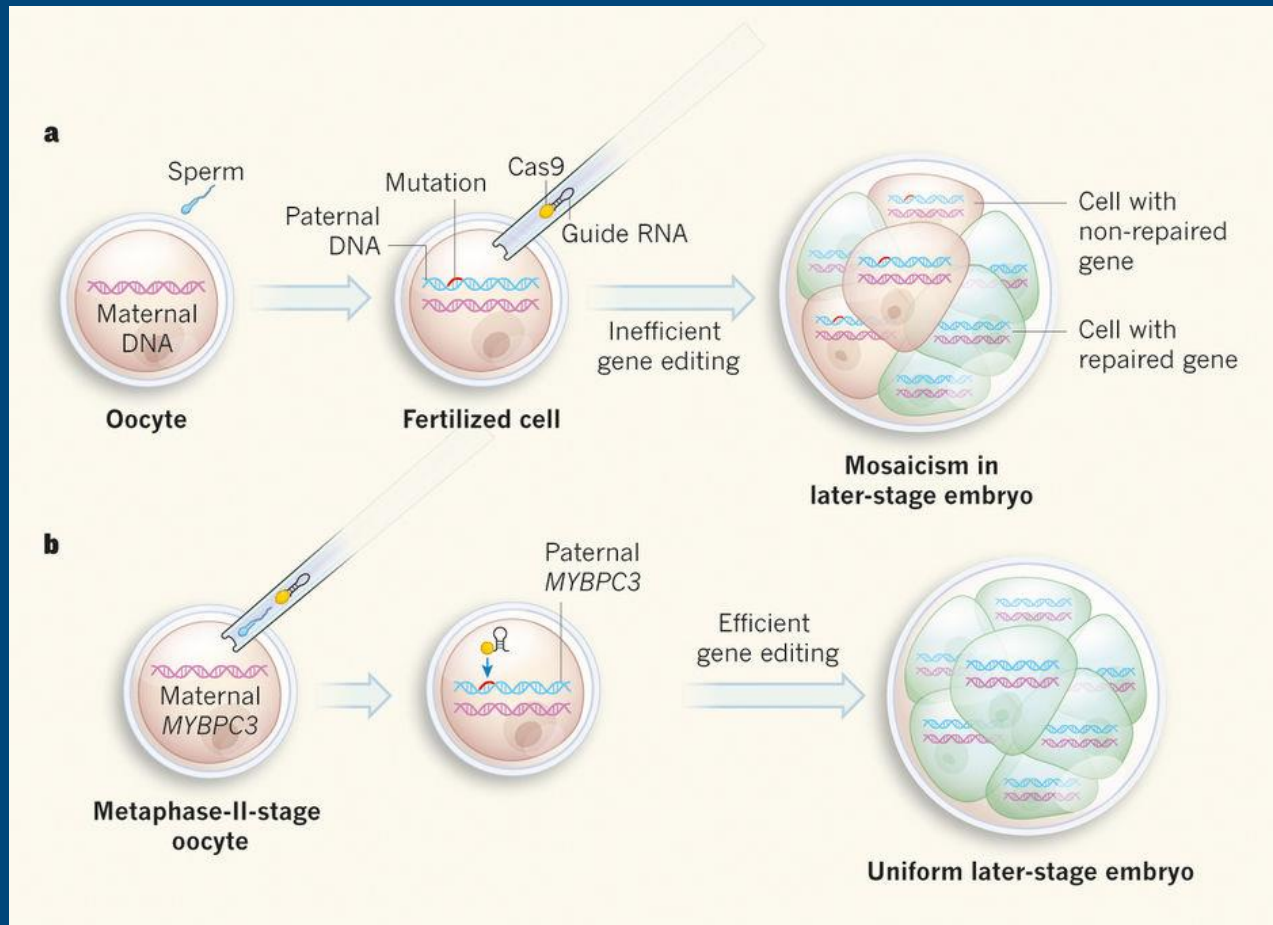
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Kan alles zijn wat je wilt





Correction of a pathogenic gene mutation in **human** embryos



Efficient, uniform gene editing in embryos

http://www.nature.com/nature/journal/v548/n7668/fig_tab/nature23533_F1.html